



## "I wish I was dead!"

## Terrible words to come from the lips of a little child...

HOCKING, isn't it? But the little girl was simply expressing what countless thousands of other children feel... the forgotten children of the city slums, compelled to live in a world of dark hallways and filth-littered alleys, of rancid garbage smells and nameless fears. They sleep in musty rooms, sometimes three or four in a single bed. They are hungry so often that the ache has become habit. They see and hear things that no child should be permitted to see or hear.

For these children the worst time of all is the summer. Then the air is most poisonous with exhaust fumes and fetid smells. Tempers are shortest in the stifling heat. Wailing

\$500.00 endows a bed in perpetuity
\$35.00 gives a child two weeks at Mont Lawn
\$17.50 pays for one week • \$3.00 pays for one day

CHRISTIAN HERALD CHILDREN'S HOME BUSINESS OFFICE: 27 EAST 39TH STREET, ROOM 655 NEW YORK 16, N. Y.
Yes, I want to help some poor child spend two wonderful and inspiring weeks in God's outdoors. Here is my gift of \$
Name
Address
CityZoneState

babies, blaring radios, the din of traffic fill the days arnights. The slum child is trapped between the swelterin walls of his tenement and the blazing street.

But every year, up at Nyack on the Hudson, there is refuge for many of these children... a pleasant haven hig on a hill where they may escape for two glorious week. Here they romp on wide green lawns among tall, shady tree... they take hikes through the woods... they go swimmin in a beautiful modern pool. They eat nourishing meals throtimes a day. They sleep in their own beds, between clear cool sheets.

Mont Lawn offers these children a real vacation from the heat and dirt of the slums . . . and it does more. Friendly sympathetic counselors prove to them that not all adults are to be distrusted and feared. In the interdenomination chapel they learn of God's love. For most of these childred Mont Lawn is an experience that may spell the different between a lifetime of poverty, bitterness, and even crime and a happy, useful future guided by God.

This summer there are hundreds of children still waiting to go to Mont Lawn. Unless we receive immediate hell many of these children will not be able to go. The very tot the picture is typical of these unfortunates...condemned to go on staring hopelessly at a world they have reason to hat not only throughout the long, hot, weary summer months. but perhaps for the rest of their lives! Two weeks at Mon Lawn could make such a world of difference...but some or must make it possible.

Will you be the one to send a child such as this away from the slums for two weeks? Just \$35 will pay the entire cost but even the smallest contribution will help. Remember, on these little enes is depending on your kindness. Mail you contribution now!



#### Contents

## **TEWS**

'EA'

CHRISTIAN DISCOSSION	
THE NEWS IN BRIEF	7
CONVENTION ROUND-UP	9
LONDON NOTEBOOK	15
TURES	
EDITORIALS	16
OUR CHURCHES IN EUROPE	18
AMERICAN CHURCHMEN IN PARIS	20
THE AMERICAN CHURCH IN GENEVA	22
REINHOLD NIEBUHR	26
BOOK REVIEWS	28
WOMAN'S COPNER	31

William S. Lea, D.D., editor

Edwin S. Tomlinson managing editor

Sam L. Robinson art and production **Betsy Tupman Deekens** woman's features

Maurice E. Bennett, Jr. director of sales

Charles Field, IV business manager Walter N. Gemmill, Jr.

M. C. McCausland advertising service

advertising manager

#### TRUSTEES

William A. Bours Marquis W. Childs Molly Laird Downs Angus Dun Richard S. M. Emrich Theodore P. Ferris Robert Fisher Gibson, Jr. Walter Henry Gray John E. Hines William C. Kay

Manfred Keller James A. Linen Arnold M. Lewis William H. Marmion Frederick T. Marston

J. Brooke Mosley William H. Ruffin Virgil L. Simpson Charles P. Taft H. St. George Tucker

## SILENCE NOT ALWAYS GOLDEN

"Speech may sometimes do harm; but so may silence, and a worse harm at that. No offered insult ever caused so deep a wound as a tenderness expected and withheld; and no spoken indiscretion was ever so bitterly regretted as the words that one did not speak."

Jan Struther, A Pocketful of Pebbles (Harcourt, Brace)



THE COVER: To the metaphorically minded, the swing of the weather vane atop the American Cathedral in Paris might indicate the influence of our Church's European Convocation. Where these churches are located and the job they do is told in this issue.

## CONCERNING OUR NEXT ISSUE

To be published July 21st, our next issue will be a special double issue, and the only issue in July.

EDITORIAL BUSINESS OFFICE: 110 North Adams St., Richmond, Va.

Episcopal Churchnews is published every other week by The Southern Churchman Co., a non-profit corporation. Second-class mail privileges authorized, Richmond, Va., under Act of March 3 1879. Episcopal Churchnews is copyrighted 1957 by The Southern Churchman Co. under International Copyright Convention. All rights reserved.

CABLE ADDRESS: ECnews, Richmond, Va. TELEPHONES: Richmond—LD212 and 3-6631.

Opinions expressed by writers of fea-ture articles and special columns do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the edi-tors or the publisher of Episcopal Church-

## of REDUCED EXPENSES

## AND AID TO CLERGY PENSIONS

## The Church LIFE Insurance Corporation

Low premium cost life insurance for the clergy, lay officials and workers of the Church and their immediate families.

## B The Church FIRE Insurance Corporation

Restricted to Episcopal properties . . . costs up to 20% less . . . premiums payable quarterly, without

## C The Church HYMNAL Corporation

Publishers of church editions of Book of Common Prayer and Hymnal. Books are of the finest quality at surprisingly low prices.



all affiliated with

## the CHURCH Pension Fund

20 Exchange Place · New York 5, N. Y.

## RAISE MONEY

for your church

this easy and dignified way-

## **Keepsake Plates** picture your churchideal group project

Every member and friend of your church will thank you for the chance to buy these lovely spiritual mementoes. Fine glazed porcelain plates are decorated in 23 Kt. Gold—your choice of border designs. An artist's drawing of your church is fired on plates under intense heat and will never come off.

Your group will enjoy sponsoring this easy fund-raising project that puts a reminder of the church in every home. Over



two million Keepsake Plates have been sold for churches, schools, hospitals and other organizations. They're ideal for anniversaries, dedications and bazaars. They make wonderful gifts for holidays, weddings, birthdays.

See for yourself why Keepsake Plates are so popular. Send for wholesale price list, full-color catalog and samples of plates we have made for other churches. Write today, at no obligation, to:

WORLD WIDE Art Studios, P.O. Box 996, Covington, Tennessee

## Faith at Work Day by Day

#### THE PRAYER BOOK

In a small pamphlet on the Prayer Book we found these seven descriptions: (1) Manual of Public Worship; (2) A Conpanion for Private Devotion; (3) A M ror of Holy Scripture; (4) A Guide to tr Sacramental Life: (5) A Handbook Christian Teaching; (6) A Guardian the Church's Ministry; (7) A Key to Pere

sonal Religion.

If the Prayer Book is all of this, what richness there must be in it! Not only it a book which we use on Sundays i church, but a tremendous storehouse c spiritual help for nearly every situation we can think of. It is little wonder, then that men carry it with them on the battle field, that we see it at the bedside in sick rooms, and that next to the Holy Bibb itself this book is valued above all other in our mother tongue. It has the breath o the Saints on it. In times of greatest nee it unites us with the faithful of all ages out of whose experience in the commo life of the Church it grew.

### JUNE 24, THE NATIVITY OF ST. JOHN BAPTIST

This is the feast of the "forerunner." who prepared the way for the Christ. Bd cause of the inference in St. Luke 1:36 the date is fixed at six months from Christmas.

### JUNE 29, ST. PETER, APOSTLE AND MARTYR

In the old calendars this festival properly that of "SS. Peter and Paus Apostles and Martyrs," as if the two bes long together. It is futile to try to deter mine who was the greatest of the Apostle In a sense, these two great Christias Champions have tied for first place.

Tradition has it that both St. Peter an St. Paul were martyred in Rome during the Neronian persecution of A. D. 64 Their bodies may have been buried on the spot-St. Peter's on the Vatican Hill and St. Paul's outside the walls.

Some say that St. Peter represents the Catholic emphasis in our faith and Sapaul the Protestant. This is altogether false. As Dr. Towther-Clarke reminds us the two great Apostles "were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their death they were not divided."

(Gospel of the Open Road)

## DRIVE CAREFULLY . . Consider the Other Fellow

## LETTERS

TO THE EDITOR

### "NON-JUROR" EXPLAINED

In this day when we are trying to prent through the Jamestown 350th Annirsary Festival a clearer picture of the ginnings of the Anglican Church in merica, may I call attention to another ry grievous misunderstanding of an aportant fact in our history.

The question was raised at a meeting cently of clergymen, "Who consecrated shop Seabury in 1784?" Two reputable shops of the Church replied, "He was necrated by the non-juring Scottish

shops."

Historically speaking, this statement misleading. Seabury was consecrated r Connecticut by three bishops of the piscopal Church of Scotland, to-wit, obert Kilgour, Bishop of Aberdeen, and rimus of the Church, Arthur Petrie, ishop of Moray, and John Skinner, ssistant Bishop of Aberdeen.

The term "non-juror" came into Engsh history as applied to the beneficed shops and clergymen who refused to ke the oath of allegiance to King Wilam and Queen Mary, and were forced 1691 out of their benefices. They later me together and formed a schismatic hurch, having their own bishops, which natinued in existence until it finally ied out in the middle of the 19th centry. The terms, non-juror and non-ing, as used in connection with the nglican Church, cannot rightly be aplied to any other ecclesiastical group.

It is perfectly true that the Episcopal hurch of Scotland was under a legal an, and could not legally hold public rvices from the Scottish Highlanders ebellion of 1745 until about 1792. That nurch had officially accepted Prince harles, "The Young Pretender," and worn allegiance to him, as their rightal sovereign, and continued to hold him s their lawful sovereign until his death 1788. Then afterwards they began raying for King George, and the ban as legally removed.

But there is no more reason for coninuing until the present day applying that Church an epithet arising from ne experience in its history than it vould be to call the citizens of the 13 riginal states non-jurors because their itizens refused to pay allegiance to Ling George III after the Declaration

f Independence in 1776.

Actually the Episcopal Church in the Inited States owes too much to the Episcopal Church of Scotland, both for the onsecration of our first bishop and for he contribution it made to the formation of our Office of Holy Communion, o apply to it a term that historically elongs to another and a schismatic hurch which died out.

(THE REV.) G. MACLAREN BRYDON RICHMOND, VA.

## RE: C. S. I. REPORT

Sir:

A statement in the Ecumenical Report n the *Episcopal Churchnews* for March 7th on the Recommendations of the Delegation to the Church of South India, needs elaboration if misunderstanding is to be avoided.

The statement in question is as follows:

"While at first glance it seems that the delegation (of the P.E.C. to the C.S.I.) would not have our Church do as much as the Church of England did, upon closer examination practically all the points are covered which were passed by the Convocations of Canterbury and York."

These words understate the case. Our delegation's recommendations go beyond the resolutions of the Church of England in one important particular. Where the Church of England permits the administration of the Holy Communion by the bishops and episcopally ordained presbyters of the C.S.I. "in Anglican Churches only" (italics mine), our delegation's recommendations omit the word only, thus inviting the remarkable situation of an episcopally ordained presbyter celebrating the Eucharist in our cities and towns in Episcopal, Congregational and Methodist Churches, turn and turn about, to the theological confusion of all concerned.

The degree to which the delegation's recommendations go beyond the resolutions of Canterbury and York is well expressed in the South India Churchman, the magazine of the Church of South India, published in Bangalore, India, for March 1957 on Page 6 where, after mentioning several of the recommendations, the article goes on to state that:

"Other recommendations are substantially the same as those of the Church of England, except that in the U.S.A., C.S.I. clergy in celebrating Holy Communion are not required to give an undertaking to celebrate only in Anglican Churches. No branch of the Anglican Communion we believe has gone so far."

In view of the importance of the matter involved, I hope that the *Episcopal Churchnews* will take steps to correct the erroneous impression that the Ecumenical Report of March 17th conveyed to its readers.

(MRS.) ROSWELL F. BARRATT SOUTHPORT, CONN.



"'Ha!' you say to yourself—
'Nestorianism!'"



#### THE CHURCH'S CALENDAR

St. John the Baptist, June 24 ... St. Peter, June 29.

#### NATIONAL EVENTS

National Assembly (simultaneous with World Council) of Girls' Friendly Society. Also marks GFS' 80th anniversary year. Bronx, N. Y. Sarah Lawrence College. June 26-July 1 . . . Catholic Sociology, series of summer conferences sponsored by the American Church Union. Stevens Point, Wis., July 3-5 . . Teaching Missions on the Bible. Whitinsville, Mass. Lasell House, Diocese of Western Massachusetts conference center. Open to Christians of all denominations, clergy and laity. July 15-19 . . Faith and Order Commission meeting, World Council of Churches. New Haven, Conn. July 20-25.

#### PROVINCIAL

Leadership Training Conference, sponsored by the Provincial Commission for Christian Education (New England), for church school teachers, superintendents, adult leaders of young people's groups, leaders of adult groups and clergy. Whitinsville, Mass. Lasell House. June 23-28. . Sewanee Summer Training School (Christian Education), Sewanee, Tenn. June 23-29.

#### DIOCESAN

1957 Summer School, Diocese of Los Angeles. Pacific Palisades. Presbyterian Conference Grounds. June 23-28... Healing Mission. Los Angeles Commission on Spiritual Healing and St. Paul's Cathedral. Leader: The Rev. John Maillard, warden of Milton Abbey, Bournemouth, England. Los Angeles. July 7-10... Woman's Auxiliary Conference. Diocese of Pennsylvania, July 9-11.

#### MUSIC

Third Annual Regional School of Church Music and Liturgics, sponsored by the Episcopal Seminary of the Southwest and Music Commission of the Diocese of Texas. Austin. June 24-28... Summer School of Church Music, Church Divinity School of the Pacific. Berkeley, Calif. July 8-19... Sewanee Summer Conference on Church Music, sponsored by the Fourth Province. Monteagle, Tenn. DuBose Conference Center. July 9-18.

#### OF SPECIAL NOTE

Visit to the United States by Dr. Richard Ambrose Reeves, Anglican Bishop of Johannesburg, South Africa, as guest of the American Church Union. June 25-July 30 . . . 1957 International Religious Radio-TV Workshop, National Council of Churches. Episcopal National Council is this year's host. New York City. July 20-Aug. 9.



INTERNATIONAL BRONZE TABLET CO., INC.

Dept. 52 - 150 West 22 St., New York 11

Clergy and Choir
VESTMENTS

ALTAR HANGINGS and LINENS
Chasubles - Albs - Amices - Copes
All Embroidery Is Hand Done
Materials by the Yard — "Kita" for Altar
Hangings and Eucharistic Vestments

J. M. HALL, Inc.
14 WEST 40th ST.. NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
Tel. CHickering 4-3306

#### - KNEELING HASSOCKS -

This plastic-covered kneeler is filled with resilient granulated cork and foam rubber. Priced in accordance with quantity desired. Pew seat and communion cushions to order.

Samuel Collins

68-12 Yellowstone Blvd. Forest Hills, Long Island, New York

## CHURCH LINENS

Beautiful qualities imported from Ireland. Linen Tape, Transfers, Patterns, Plexiglas Pall Foundations. Free Samples.

MARY FAWCETT CO. BOX 325E, MARBLEHEAD, MASS

## Best Book Contest for Contest 1957

\$1600 Cash Awards plus 40% royalty. All types of manuscripts invited. For Contest rules and details of famous publishing plan, write for Brochure E.

PAGEANT PRESS, Inc., 101 Fifth Ave., N. Y. 3





The Pioneer Church Candle Manufacturers of America

## WE'RE GLAD YOU ASKED THAT

# Question

## Q Why isn't it easier to believe in God?

Answer: This question is as old as the race of man. Long ago Job cried: "Oh that I knew where I might find Him!... Behold, I go forward, but He is not there; and backward, but I cannot perceive Him... He hideth Himself that I cannot see Him."

This is one of the strange things about religion. If God really loves us, why doesn't He make it easier for us to know Him and to love Him? The Bible seems forever to speak of a God who hides Himself.

A few things we must get straight from the beginning. One is that God wants us to be free. He refuses to force us in any way. As Archbishop Temple has said, He will not overwhelm us even with evidence. We are given the chance to live by faith, which is a far more heroic way than to live by "certainty."

The second thing is that God has revealed a good bit about Himself. He has planted the Moral Law within our hearts and placed the starry heavens above us, as Emmanuel Kant put it. The universal "with a million fingers points toward God," but Nature never really tells us His Name or shows us His Face. It is in Christ that we learn what sort of Person God is. Jesus, as someone has said, was "as much of God as could be poured into a human life, at the same time leaving it completely and harmoniously human."

The next point we must see is that God seeks us even more earnestly and persistently than we seek Him. One great Christian thinker suggests that we could not seek Him were He not already seeking us. In the Bible this is made clear by the parables of the Lost Sheep and the Lost Coin.

Finally, God respects our weakness. He reveals Himself only when we are ready. We cannot look straight into the sun without going blind. Nor can we, in our imperfect and sinful state, yet behold the full glory of God. But for all that, we can see God and know Him "through Jesus Christ our Lord." We know enough about Him to trust Him and to love Him, and that is all we need to do.

In the meantime we shall seek Him, knowing that He is seeking us. Our souls are stretched in the search. At the end of the road we shall discover, as someone has so well said, that although this may not be the best of all possible worlds, it is the

best of all possible worlds in which to be

## Q If I live up to the Ten Command ments, isn't that enough?

Answer: No! The Ten Commandment are road signs which warn us what not r do. We might keep them all and have malove in our hearts. Our Lord made the commandments positive, not negative thou shalt love the Lord thy God . . . and thy neighbor as thyself."

## Q Who were the "lost tribes" of Israel

Answer: The so called "lost tribes were those Hebrews carried into captiviti by Shalmaneser II (II Kings 17:6). The Mormons have believed that the American Indians are descendants of the "lost tribes." Others say the English are the true descendants. What probably hap pened was that many remained in Assyriations of the were left in Samaria. Today the Jews are scattered throughout the work and have mixed with all races on all continents.

## Q How can prayers be answered in this world, which is governed by natural laws?

Answer: Prayer is more than asking for the things we want. Only prayers of petition come under the question which has been asked. The other parts of prayers such as meditation, adoration, thanksgiring and penance, are not at all includes under this possible objection.

We believe that God is a God of law but that there are higher laws than we yet understand. There are mysterious forces and powers which we have yet to comprehend and it may be that the next great discoveries will be in this realm of the Spirit. God did not set this world going in accordance with a set of laws and withdraw entirely from the whole procession with no further interest in that which the had created. If God had done this then obviously prayers could not be an swered in such a world.

Because we believe that God does can for his world, we believe that He is very close to his world and very much concerned about every aspect of it. We be lieve furthermore that He can without contradiction interfere in what to useems to be the order of natural events.



## EVEN STEPS IN EVANGELISM ND MISSION

A few summers ago at Sewanee we met with a small roup of men to discuss the Church's task. One of us, Dr. pseph Fletcher, of the Episcopal Theological School in ambridge, suggested a program for evangelism. He ointed out the obvious need for an over-all plan, a basic rategy. We discussed his "principles" one by one. Others ere suggested and these, too, were debated. After this ong a time it is difficult to remember the details of our rgument. What is important, however, is the recognition of the need for some central policy.

Through the years there seems to have been a growing wareness of the need for a clearer understanding of the hurch's fundamental purpose. It has influenced our hristian education program. Parish Life Conferences ave been held all across the land, primarily to consider his basic question: "What is the function of a parish hurch?" We hear that the bishops of the Church are beinning serious discussions of the real meaning of the office f a bishop. Clergy and laymen are beginning to ask the eal questions. This is one of the most hopeful signs in ontemporary Church life.

The general strategy of the Church is often confused nd haphazard. This is not the fault of our National Counil. Perhaps it begins with the confusion of individual hristians. It extends, however, to parishes and dioceses nd even to the general Church. Our missionary strategy s not understood as it should be by the lay people and the arish clergy. If it were, our support of the program would e more wholehearted. If we really understood the need, aw the program related to it, and heard the challenge in lear, sharp terms, there would be both men and money nough to do the job.

Coming back to our original question—what are the pasic principles of the Church's mission, the effective steps we must take in any program of evangelism which is to each people where they really live today? There are many approaches to evangelism, including the methods of Billy Graham. But underneath them all are certain facts which crow out of the Gospel itself. There are certain steps which

We suggest these seven steps in evangelism for the consideration of the Church. There is nothing new in them. They may seem obvious. But it may be just this, the obvious, which we have missed. Here, then, are our seven steps:

- 1. The Gospel must be acted out and not just proclaimed. The Abbe Micheneau has said that "the parish church must be the show-window of God's love." This means, in ordinary terms, that we must demonstrate our product if we ever expect to market it. "Christian" nations cannot claim the name of Christian if their national life and foreign policy deny the Lord they pretend to worship. (The actions of so called "Christian nations" are a continuous embarrassment to Christian missionaries). The parish church has to show forth in its common life what is proclaimed from its pulpit. What we are and what we do to and for each other are a more eloquent sermon than anything we say. We have to "transfer our religion from our mouths to our muscles."
- 2. Evangelism and the Church's Mission begin at home. (But it doesn't end there.) Our emphasis must be first intensive, and then extensive. It is really easier to take the Gospel to the "heathen" in far-away places than to the disillusioned friends at home who may have been "inoculated with so many small doses of 'Christianity' that they are immune to the real thing." The Gospel has been watered down into a sort of "cultural Christianity" which in fact is often a sentimental sanction of the "American way of life." The reality of "Gospel Christianity"—the real thing—must again be proclaimed in its elemental relevance and demonstrated in our common life in the Church. This proclamation and this demonstration begin at home.
- 3. Every layman must also be a Christian minister. This is more than the "priesthood of all believers." It grows out of the fact that the Church is commissioned to continue the whole Ministry of Christ. In this sense, the Church is, as Bishop Gore said, "the extension of the Incarnation." Laymen must be trained not just for the trivial and incidental jobs but for their vocation as bona fide Ministers of Christ. There is but one Ministry and that is the Ministry of our Lord. All other ministries are derivative. Every Christian is commissioned. Bishops have specific functions, as do priests and deacons. Laymen also

## CHRISTIAN DISCUSSION

continued from preceding page

have their part in this Ministry, and it is for this whole Ministry that they must be trained.

- 4. The Gospel is not just for individuals but for society and culture as well. The center of interest varies from age to age. The dominating concern of our day is the problem of human relationships-between individuals, classes, races, and nations. If the Gospel is to be relevant in this kind of world, it must be stated and acted upon with this clearly in mind. As George MacLeod has reminded us, the great heresy of our day is to "get our weekdays separated from our Sundays." The inevitable result of this is for our worship to become empty and our work to become bitter. There is an "everything or nothing at all" principle in Christianity. Either the Gospel is relevant to all of lifeincluding our economics and our politics—or it is relevant to nothing in our life. We cannot leave God out of any area except at our peril. Without Him life ultimately becomes mean and sordid in all its aspects.
- 5. The need to recognize the principle of contagion. "Christianity is more often caught than taught." This means that we do not often win converts by argument. Perhaps the process of conversion can best be started in small groups, in "cells" if you like. Here, through sharing a new quality of living together with others, in which they find love and acceptance, souls can be won to Christ. We win them by the contagion of Christian love at work within the fellowship of redemption.
- 6. As Archbishop Temple has reminded us, God is not interested in "religion". The word "religion" is not a biblical word at all. Jesus talked about God-centered living, not about "religion." This word "religion" too often means the compartmentalization of life. When we use it, we tend to label one thing or one area as "spiritual" and hence "religious," and another area as "secular" and hence "non-religious." These terms do not grow out of the biblical view of life at all. "Religion", as thus used, had to do with mysterious and mystical experience, spiritual techniques, outward forms in place of Christian action in response to God's Will. Charles Kingsley, long before Karl Marx, suggested that such "religion is the opiate of the people." Piosity and religiosity are sham and "hokum," poor substitutes for the real thing. The world is not fooled and souls are not won by "religious" antics.
- 7. The need to proclaim the principle of redemption. The Christian Gospel is aimed at the redemption of the whole creation, "a new heaven and a new earth," and a Great Society of New Men in Christ. This means far more than just extricating individuals from this chaotic and sinful world. It is because he does not sufficiently grasp this idea that many profoundly Christian thinkers cannot wholly approve of Billy Graham. Because he misses the heart of the matter, he may even do positive harm to the ultimate purpose of the Gospel.

Redemption is far more than individual salvation, al-

though it certainly includes it. It is indeed the whole creation which must be redeemed from the sinfulness which has somehow poisoned our universe. The whole world, the family, the state, our international order—all must be redeemed if God is to be "all in all."

The completion of our redemption lies beyond the span of history, perhaps, but this does not imply a new brand of "pie in the sky, bye and bye." Eternal Life begins now—or it begins not at all. We touch eternity in the moment of our daily choices. The Society of the Redeemed is the fellowship of those who have known the Love of Good through the Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and have begun to work and to live in the Light of it.

Christian Evangelism can be defined only in these grand terms. It is a cosmic enterprise.

## WORTH REMEMBERING

"We are on the road to produce a race of men too mentally modest to believe in the multiplication table."

G. K. Chesterton's "Orthodoxy"

"It is idle to talk always of the alternative of reason and faith. Reason is itself a matter of faith. It is an act of faith to assert that our thoughts have any relation to reality at all."

G. K. Chesterton's "Orthodoxy"

"What recks he when he's in the grave
If history calls him fool or knave?"
"Do men revere Shakespeare's name?
To Shakespeare it is all the same.
Is Danton's memory detested?
Well, Danton isn't interested."

W. T. Goodge

Thank God every morning when you get up that you have something to do that day which must be done, whether you like it or not. Being forced to work, and forced to do your best, will breed in you temperance and self-control, diligence and strength of will, cheerfulness and content, and a hundred virtues which the idle never know.

—Charles Kingsley

The greatest thing a human soul ever does in this world is to see something, and tell what it saw in a plain way. Hundreds of people can talk for one who can think, but thousands think for one who can see. To see clearly is poetry, prophecy, and religion, all in one.

-John Ruskin

## THE NEWS IN BRIEF

## Quick Reports from Around the Church

Gaiter-Hater Draws Scorn in Verse . . . Bishop Salinas of Mexico Retiring New Outreach: Mission to Gypsies . . . Preacher-Bartender Combo Proposed For Pastoral Relations . . . Northern Indiana Children Set Mite Box Record

Spring was bursting out all over nen St. Paul's Church, Philadelia, became a maternity ward for robin, a groundhog and a cat. The bin hatched her young in a nest er the church door; the groundog brought forth little groundogs in the cemetery, and the church t gave birth to her kittens in the urch organ. The latter was a eek-day blessed event, however, he feline family was strong ough to be moved before the gan was needed for Sunday serves.

Presiding Bishop Henry Knox terrill has accepted the resignaon of the Rt. Rev. Efrain Salinas Velasco, Bishop of the Missionary istrict of Mexico. The 71-year-old urchman will reach retirement e Jan. 20. His resignation bemes effective Dec. 31. The Mexin-born and educated bishop has rved as head of the missionary strict since 1934. He was conseated Suffragan Bishop of Mexico 1931, and was named to succeed e late Bishop Frank W. Creighton ter his death in 1933. He was orfined a deacon in 1907 and a iest 10 years later. He was secrery of the missionary district, iest-in-charge of Santa Maria nurch, Guadalajara and Archacon of Jalisco before being eleited to the episcopate. He atnded a Theological Seminary in exico and later graduated from ashotah House.

Church-owned property not used r strictly religious purposes is bing back on Arizona tax rolls. he action followed a report from the state attorney general's office at exemption laws had been vioted. Recent hearings before the x study committee of the legisture disclosed that tax-dodging coperty deals have been offered to burch groups. Such deals were undemned by Arizona church lead-

ers, including Bishop Kinsolving (ECnews, June 9).

► A group of parishioners has been harassing the Archdeacon of Halifax, England, for not wearing his gaiters often enough. One of them even broken into verse about it:

There was an archdeacon who said,

May I take off my gaiters in bed?

But the bishop said, No.

Wherever you go,

You must wear them until you are dead.

In an open letter to his congregation, the Ven. Eric Treacy came stoutly to his own defense. He stated that he wore his gaiters—black silk, knee-to-ankle semitights, which are the hallmark of Anglican clergy—about 30 times a year. Which should be enough for anybody, he protested, considering their high cost and the fact that they are "extremely uncomfortable and, in hot weather, intolerable."

➤ A Lutheran minister is now giving spiritual roots to the world's most "rootless" people - gypsies. A special mission for gypsies, the only one of its kind in Germany, has been set up by the Lutheran Church in Braunschweig. Directing it is Pastor Georg Althaus, father of 10 children, who has dedicated many years to studying and ministering to gypsies. He first became interested in 1934 when he helped a band of gypsies who moved into a nearby village. Pastor Althaus was once arrested by the Nazis for his protests against the persecution of gypsies.

Northern Indiana nearly burst with pride recently when the children of the diocese presented a record Mite Box Offering of \$5,402. The annual service took place in the new Cathedral Church of St. James, South Bend, May 19. For the last five years, the per capita giving of this diocese's children has been the largest in the Church.



The Rev. Alvin L. Kershaw, winner of \$32,000 on TV's \$64,000 Question, was the narrator and "Eli's Chosen Six" got in some hot licks against race oppression in South Africa at a jazz concert for the benefit of the Church of South Africa. The concert was held at St. Peter's Church, New York City, under the sponsorship of the Episcopal Churchmen for South Africa.

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

- ➤ A Chicago newsman has included two Episcopal schools among those he thinks are the 10 best men's colleges in America. Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio, is third on this list and the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., eighth. Reporter Chesly Manly made his selections after consultation with more than 50 educators. It was noted that none of the first 10 institutions he picked are considered big-time football powers. Besides those already mentioned, Manly listed Haverford, Pa.; Amherst, Mass.; Wesleyan, Conn.; Hamilton, N. Y.; Union, N. Y.: Bowdoin, Me.; Washington and Lee, Va., and Williams, Mass.
- ► The Illinois House Judiciary Committee has approved a bill for a six-vear moratorium on the death penalty. Committee action followed testimony by the warden of Joliet penitentiary and the Rev. James G. Jones, chaplain of the Cook County jail, Chicago. Earlier both the Dioceses of Chicago and Quincy had sent resolutions to the legislature asking for abolition of the death penalty. Elsewhere in the country, the annual synod of the 8th province has also gone on record against capital punishment (ECnews, June 9), while the Diocese of Oregon refused to take a stand on the issue at its recent convention. Nevertheless, the Oregon legislature has given final approval to a bill eliminating the death penalty in that state except for crimes of treason or murders committed by life-term prison inmates.
- ➤ Quote of the month: Bishop Dudley B. McNeil of Western Michigan told the Grand Rapids Ministerial Association that clergymen "should look inwardly on ourselves and see if we're on the right track, if we're emphasizing the right things." He said one reason for the continuing "man-made catastrophes" might be that the Church has come to worship "bigness and power" instead of fostering the "primary tenets of love and charity" laid down by Christ. "Perhaps million-dollar churches, beautiful rooms, new parish houses, church secretaries and assistants are not the primary concern of Christ so much as that all men and women live the best possible Christian life," he added.

- ► The South African Parliament has passed and sent to the governor a bill that prohibits Negroes from attending churches in white communities without the specific consent of the Minister of Native Affairs (see editorials). Final approval came over the repeated objections of Anglican, Roman Catholic and Protestant leaders who denounce it as a violation of Christian conscience. Some church leaders have said they would not comply with the measure if it became law. Five thousand men and women of both races marched through the streets of Capetown in protest. A leading marcher was the Very Rev. T. J. Savage, Anglican Dean of Capetown. The procession was described as one of the largest ever witnessed in Capetown.
- Boys' Home, Inc., Covington, Va., will soon build another fire-proof brick cottage that will help increase enrollment by 50 per cent. The new building is made possible by a grant from the Old Dominion Foundation, headquartered in New York. Paul Mellon is chairman of the board and Ernest Brooks Jr. is president. The dioceses of Southern and Southwestern Virginia are co-owners of the 50-year-old home. It cares for and educates boys from broken homes in all communities of Virginia.
- A California public health official has suggested to the California Medical Association that clergymen and bartenders team up in counseling people with troubles. Dr. A. D. Schwartz made the proposal in connection with a statewide mental illness prevention program. "Many bartenders and preachers are good listeners and have the knack of helping a person unload his troubles by listening to him 'talk them out'," he said. "Most people with troubles don't go rushing to a psychiatrist. They go to their preacher, to a neighborhood bar, or to a friend."
- ► East-West meeting of minds: The Massachusetts Council of Churches' board of directors has voiced opposition to capital punishment in a statement sent to some 1800 Protestant clergymen and other leaders throughout the state.

- Bishop W. Appleton Lawrence c Western Massachusetts was one c three board members issuing simulataneous statements urging abolition of the death penalty for an experimental period of five years. Mean while, Dean Julian Bartlett of Grade Cathedral, San Francisco, told meeting of more than 300 person that "capital punishment does stand the test of Christian morals.... Taking of life is not proper punishment for crime and it frustrates our responsibility to rehabilitate or redeem the prisoner."
- S.O.S.: The Overseas Departs ment of National Council an nounces an urgent need for teach ers at Brent School in the Philip pine Islands. The Episcopa Church's secondary boardin school in Baguio wants single men and women as teachers for the next school year, and is interested in single priest-teacher as well. Appl cants should write both the Rev Alfred L. Griffiths, headmaster Brent School, Baguio, Philippines and the Rev. Gordon T. Charlton assistant secretary, Overseas De partment, 281 Fourth Ave., N. Y. 0

#### TICKING IT OFF . . .

➤ William White, Jr., Philadelphi attorney and civic leader, is now chancellor of the Diocese of Penn sylvania. He is a direct descendant and namesake of Bishop Willian White, first bishop of the dioces and first Presiding Bishop of th Church . . . Dean Percy F. Rex of Trinity Cathedral, Cleveland, newly-elected president of the Cleve land Church Federation . . . Occ dental College, Los Angeles, ha awarded the Rev. W. Don Brown rector of Christ Church, Coronad the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity for his many years of church cooperation and social be terment . . . To celebrate his 15t anniversary of consecration, Bisho James P. DeWolfe of Long Island was celebrant at a diocesan-wid service of Thanksgiving at the Ca thedral of the Incarnation, Garde City . . . Mrs. Ellsworth G. Fee reira, Girls' Friendly Society Pre gram Advisor and Editor, repr sented the U.S. branch at the 80t anniversary celebration of the Iris GFS in Belfast June 7.



## Conventions: Rostrums for the Outspoken

Going beyond routine housekeeping, Bishops Bayne of Olympia and Higgins of Rhode Island had sharp comments for "Beckadilloes" and the ban of newsmen to Red China.

In an interview with the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, Dave Beck sharpy criticized Bishop Bayne for his comments (see below). He said the bishop should "have come to me" and I would have "told him my side of the story." He said he wanted to remind the bishop that he helped save St. Mark's Cathedral by leading a drive to raise \$150,000 when its mortgage for \$266,000 had been foreclosed in the late 1940s. It was later disclosed that Bishop Bayne was not head of the diocese at that time. The bishop had no comment.

Diocesan conventions-while primarily amily affairs" dealing with budgets, al church growth and general adminration-serve as a backdrop for recogzed Church leaders to offer Christian inking and advice on political, economic sociological issues.

Such was the case recently when the shop of Rhode Island lashed out at the deral government's ban on American wsmen working in Communist China, d when the Bishop of Olympia used the we Beck episode to say some stern ings about labor-management irresponoility.

In Providence, R. I., the Rt. Rev. John Higgins coupled his protest against the n on newsmen with criticism of the ate Department for what he termed its byious reluctance" to allow American hristian leaders to visit China. He stated: "The present policy of our government rbidding visits of American news reorters to Red China seems to me to be inedibly short-sighted, if not worse. It is obably the first time in the history of ir country that newsmen have been fordden to gather news in any corner of the orld in time of peace."

Bishop Higgins paid tribute to U. S.

ournalists as a competent, trustworthy ad objective group of professionals, and lded:

"We Americans have a right to know at first hand what is transpiring in that huge area of the world with its teeming millions, and now because of present government policy we are obliged to get all of our information from sources more prejudiced than our free press."

He made it clear, however, that he was not dealing with the problem of American recognition of Red China or that country's admission to the United Nations.

The government's reluctance to allow American Christian leaders to visit China the bishop called "even more inexcusable."

"Our government," he said, "strikes at the very root of our fundamental liberties as Christians when it makes itself the arbiter of whether or not Christian Churches may have contact with each other. . . . A democratic government should not erect another Curtain in the world, especially between Christian Churches."

The Rhode Island convention upheld

Bishop Higgins' views by sending resolutions to the State Department protesting both policies.

Meanwhile, in Seattle the Diocese of Olympia's Bishop Stephen F. Bayne Jr., used "personal witness" to cover a number of domestic issues in the country today, with emphasis on labor. He called personal witness "our first obligation"one that comes to grips with the "real problems of real people in the real world!" He cited the need for a witness of "sober moral analysis and inventive and courageous Christian thought, to recapture and control the almost unbelievable power set loose in the world."

As examples, Bishop Bayne spoke of the "open immorality" of inflation, the "tangled web" of tax laws and the "almost comic pecadilloes of Mr. Beck."

About inflation, he said: "It is mainly a moral problem, for a dollar is, at heart, a value we put on our life's work and a measure of our freedom . . . The effect of



"Miramar," million-dollar gift to the Diocese of Rhode Island

inflation is to make independence a liability, to make self-denial and prudence a fairy story. It is to belittle man until he thinks of himself as no more than a pawn in a dark and enigmatic game..."

About the tax laws: "The power to tax is the power to destroy; it is also the power to mold and create... It is a moral power, at heart, for it is the power which shapes the goals and ideals of men at their work, it forms the pattern of our communities, it dictates our practical values, it puts society's price tag on all social goals and ends... Tax laws are primary architects of a society; they are moral powers of the clearest Christian significance. If Christians are to bear witness, let them bear it in areas like this. Christian witness is not limited to Sunday closing and beer advertising."

About teamster boss Dave Beck and the Labor Movement: "... We do not know how much of what he has done is legally wrong, and how much is simply an extraordinary conception of public trust. We do not even know yet what he has done. But the plain evidence thus far is of a moral irresponsibility so far reaching as to be almost incredible ...

"But this is not simply a story of a bad man or a group of bad men. It is a revelation of moral irresponsibility (among some labor leaders, rank and file union members and management as well) which is shocking beyond words...

"All labor is not like this by a long shot, nor is all management. We are still sure enough of a better way to be shocked by what we see, to be shocked by a bold, cynical assertion that anything is right which isn't penalized by the law . . .

"If these charges are true about union leaders, then I wonder about the men who do business with them—the men who are willing to play power politics with them, who are willing to bargain with them and match power for power. I have never been a manager; I do not know what I would do if I were a manager; I know only what my prayer would be, that I might be saved from the temptation of making bargains with the work and livelihood of the men whom I employ . . .

"What all these Beckadilloes underline is the fact of irresponsible power—power wielded by labor tycoons as well as by management tycoons, wielded by cynical men who are above any moral law, who are above any law except the Income Tax, and wielded without moral responsibility on either side . . .

"This is the ethical vacuum the Senate committee is exploring. And if the end of it all is to fill that vacuum with more legislation, to vex and burden the souls of men, and to add one more province to the empire of the State, Christian leadership will have only itself to blame, for not

bearing its witness in the market place of the 20th Century, where Christ's witness belongs."

Besides Rhode Island and Olympia, some 16 other dioceses and districts held conventions in recent weeks. These are the highlights of their reports:

Colorado (St. John's Cathedral, Denver, May 14-16): Granted request of Bishop Joseph S. Minnis for a special convention in the fall to elect a suffragan bishop. Admitted three parishes.

Connecticut (Christ Church Cathedral, Hartford, May 21): Adopted a missionary budget of \$393,518, largest in its history, and raised minimum missionary clergy salaries to a new high as of Jan. 1, 1958 (no figure given). Unanimously adopted a diocesan expansion study. Bishop Walter H. Gray will appoint a committee and call a special convention to act on its report. He also cited an increase in church attendance, baptisms and confirmations as a result of Connecticut's Lenten "Crusade for Christ" (ECnews, Feb. 3). Delegates heard a plea for greater Church and governmental efforts to aid Hungarian refugees, and applauded the Rev. A. Rees Hay of North Haven, whose parish has sponsored the settlement of 30 Hungarian refugees. Elections to General Convention: clerical, the Very Rev. J. H. Esquirol, Canon R. D. Read, the Rev. Messrs, R. B. Appleyard and J. W. Hutchens; lay, the Hon, R. E. Baldwin, Dr. L. B. Franklin, A. T. McCook, T. B. Lord.

Georgia (Christ Church, Savannah. May 14): Adopted a missions budget of \$104,000, largest in its history, and a convention budget of \$36,000. The latter includes funds for a National Council survey of the diocese. In joint session with the Woman's Auxiliary, heard Bishop Al-

bert S. Stuart make a strong plea for more missionary work among Negroes. He strongly endorsed a recommendation of last year that Georgia assume full responsibility for such work and relinquish aid now given by National Council. "How he added, "this is only part of the problem. We have been undoubtedly in fluenced adversely and inexcusably in out concern for this part of our Church fami; by the unhappy political and social prejudices magnified in the last several years I am thankful for the Christian witness which has been made in these trying times, especially at certain critical points in the diocese, by our clergy and people on both races. The fact remains, however that our work in and among Negroes has been lacking in enthusiasm, direction and encouragement. There has been no nev work opened for Negroes in my time i Georgia. (He became diocesan bishop i late 1954). One mission has been closed and another is about to be closed . . . Elections to General Convention: clerical the Rev. Messrs. T. P. Ball, A. B. Clark son, K. Gearhart, F. B. Tucker; lay, W. W. Brooks, W. H. Flowers, B. Thompson S. W. Waller.

Iowa (Waterloo, May 14-15): Refuse to allow women to serve on vestries or a delegates to diocesan conventions adopted a resolution for the incorporation of a company to be called the Protestar Episcopal Investment Corp. of the Dioces of Iowa. It will sell interest-bearing debentures to Episcopalians, and its function will be loaned to parishes for new buildings, general advancement and growth Adopted diocesan budget of \$118,619.

Long Island (Cathedral of the Ir carnation, Garden City, May 21): Votes to seat the anti-Melish delegation who



#### CHOIR AFLOAT

A swan boat on Washington's Tidal Basin was the unique mode of conveyance taken by an Episcopal Church choir recently. With a crucifer in the bow and the rector and flag bearers in the stern, the choir of Washington's Church of Our Saviour formed a "processional" that certainly broke all existing patterns. The occasion was the seventh Washington Pilgrimage, a three-day conference which drew more than 100 leaders from all parts of the country to bear witness to America's religious heritage. Stressed this year was the 350th anniversary of the founding of the first church at Jamestown, Va. The choir of the Church of Our Saviour provided the music for a program in front of the Jefferson Memorial.

o delegations from Brooklyn's Holy rinity Church showed up. No action was ken on a canon passed last year which ves Bishop James P. DeWolfe the power appoint a priest as vicar after a vacancy ecurs. Diocesan officials are awaiting a ourt decision to decide who is the legal ctor of Holy Trinity-Dr. Herman S. dener, instituted rector, or the Rev. Wilam Howard Melish, who has for several ears successfully resisted attempts to ist him as supply priest. Delegates lopted a record missionary budget of 523,317 and a resolution opposing legistion that would "selectively exempt nurches and charitable organizations om the ban on public gambling." Elecons to General Convention: clerical, the ery Rev. H. F. LeMoine, the Ven. Canons W. MacLean, A. E. Saunders, H. J. tretch; lay, H. L. Delatour, J. A. Dykan, F. Gulden, R. P. Kent, Jr.

Nevada (Trinity Church, Reno, April 3): Endorsed Bishop William F. Lewis' roposals for a program of lay evangesm, giving new confirmands specificaties in the Church program and inveased education as to true Christian ving. Delegates requested Bishop Lewis appoint a committee to study the latter roposal, and authorized the executive buncil to put into effect the committee's commendations. The convocation voted hanimously to raise funds to send Bishop and Mrs. Lewis to the 1958 Lambeth Contracts.

Newark (Trinity Cathedral, Newark, (ay 14): Voted to establish a Department Urban Work to step up efforts to solve ne problems of city parishes, and will ask ational Council to conduct a survey f the diocese. Both Bishops Benjamin M. ashburn, celebrating this year his 25th nniversary as diocesan, and Leland F. tark, coadjutor, cited the needs of urban nurches and spectacular examples of locesan growth and progress. In his final port as dean of Trinity Cathedral, the ery Rev. John B. Coburn (new dean of piscopal Theological School, Cambridge, lass.) declared the "greatest opportunity nd challenge" for the cathedral in the nmediate future is for it to become "inceasingly useful in helping the diocese s a whole relate the good news of the lorious Gospel of Jesus Christ to an inustrialized, de-personalized, urban sociy." Delegates voted to petition Congress "act promptly and affirmatively" on resident Eisenhower's recommendations amend the immigration law, citing parcularly the plight of Hungarian refuees. They also adopted a record budget f \$380,035.

North Carolina (St. Luke's Church, alisbury, May 14-15): Adopted a resolution requesting that each person at the convention commit himself and each



## Rogationtide At Roanridge

The observance of Rogation Sunday is not only a part of an ancient tradition of the Episcopal Church, but it provides one of the best opportunities for human interest pictures of churchpeople at worship.

Designed to emphasize the fact that God and man are co-workers in the creative processes of agriculture, Rogationtide is the beginning of a cycle that ends with Thanksgiving. In the spring the seeds are sown; in the fall they are harvested. And both times are occasions for giving thanks to God.

These photographs, taken on the Cottrell farm at Roanridge, Mo., show two of the four parts of the service. The four sites, or objects of blessing, were: the garden, or plowed field; the laborer, farm implements and tools; the farmyard and animals; the loft of the barn, with bales of hay forming "pews." The Rev. John H. Philbrick, executive officer of

the National Town and Country Church Institute at Roanridge, conducted the service. He is also priest-in-charge of the Chapel of the Redeemer. Members of his church and county 4-H clubbers formed the Rogation Sunday congrega-

member of his parish to bring one new person to confirmation in the coming year; authorized a Commission on Radio and TV as a means of evangelism; approved a follow-up diocesan survey to that conducted by National Council in 1950; approved plans for a new home for the aged, and a record budget of \$287,045. In addition, delegates approved a campaign to raise \$82,000, with \$36,000 to be allocated for the building of a new student center at Duke University and \$46,000 as the diocese's share in building All Saints' Chapel at the University of the South. Elections to General Convention: clerical, the Rev. Messrs. T. Blair, C. K. Herman, W. M. Moore, T. Smythe; lay, Dr. S. Alexander, Judge F. O. Clarkson, G. London, Dr. R. C. Stone.

Olympia (St. Mark's Cathedral, Seattle. May 17): Adopted a record \$270,-583 budget; gave a blank check go-ahead to Bishop Stephen F. Bayne Jr., and the diocesan council for a capital funds program, approved the hiring of a promotion and publicity director for 1958, and endorsed resolutions urging a revised, broadened and safeguarded refugee program: affirming the right of people of all races to worship in any Episcopal church and, if communicants, to receive Holy Communion, and commending the work of the "Episcopal Churchmen for South Africa." Elections to General Convention: clerical. the Very Rev. J. C. Leffler, the Rev. Canon E. B. Christie, the Rev. Messrs. F. H. Avery, R. B. Staines; lay, J. F. Hodges, S. H. Brown, B. F. Miller, W. P. Uhlmann.

Rhode Island (Cathedral of St. John, Providence, May 21): Officially accepted Miramar, a Newport estate valued at more than a million dollars (see photo, page 9), as a year-round educational center and retreat house for both clergy and laity. The estate was given the diocese by Mrs. Eleanor (Widener) Dixon and her brother, George D. Widener, in memory of their mother, Mrs. Eleanor E. Rice. They also gave the diocese securities of about \$150,-000. Included in the four and a half acre property are a two-story, 50-room villa and an expansive garden. Meanwhile, delegates approved in principle preliminary proposals for an administrative overhaul of the diocese; voted to join the Rhode Island State Council of Churches (since that body has accepted the Preamble of the National Council of Churches), and heard that \$106,831 had been pledged or contributed towards the \$142,000 goal of the Episcopal Charities Fund.

Rochester (St. Paul's Church, Rochester, N. Y. May 14): Voted to include in its budget an increase of the minimum stipend for priests of missions and aided parishes to \$4,000 a year. Delegates also voted to oppose any legislation that would permit churches and other charitable organizations to hold bingo games to raise funds. In his annual address, Bishop Dudley S. Stark made a strong appeal for everyone in the diocese to study the "future of human liberty." "Freedom," he said, "is every man's business, and the Church's interest in freedom is obligatory and paramount." Elections to General Convention: clerical, the Rev. Messrs. G. L. Cadigan, R. Alling, D. H. Gratiot, F. M. Winnie; lay, T. Hargrave, R. S. Bloomer. Dr. T. T. Odell, L. Harder.

Spokane (April 24): Desired to elect deputies to General Convention, but found its own constitution wouldn't permit it. Steps taken to remedy the matter can't become effective until 1958. Bishop Russell S. Hubbard called for a new emphasis on evangelism to succeed the wave of building campaigns, which he described as tooling up for the real job. He knew no reason, he said, why Episcopalians should not "ring doorbells" with as much enthusiasm as members of some other denominations.

Upper South Carolina (St. John's Church, Columbia, May 7-8): Heard officially of its first capital funds drive for \$360,000 (already publicized), its needs (particularly in the mission field) for more clergy and higher salaries; admitted three new missions, dissolved three others, and granted Bishop C. Alfred Cole permission to purchase or obtain an Episcopal student center at the University of South Carolina. Budgets adopted: Diocesan, \$35,700; missionary, \$131,538. Dep-

uties to General Convention: clerical, the Rev. Messrs. G. Temple, J. A. Pinckney, C. Satterlee, W. W. Lumpkin; lay, S. D. Mitchell, R. T. Neblett, W. C. Jennings, R. H. Robinson.

Virginia (St. Paul's Church, Richmond. May 15-16): Agreed to let churches give voluntarily to the diocese on a proportionate basis rather than accept an assigned quota. The diocese will prepare its budget on the basis of parish pledges. Those churches not wanting to participate



The A.C.U.'s Day of Witness in Los Angeles saw achievement awards go to Movie-TV Actor Robert Young, organizer of the Episcopal Theatre Guild; Carol Williams, for House of Young Churchmen, and Otho Lord, Superior Court Commissioner and active layman.

will be assessed quotas as in the past. Although some are already using the plan, it will not go into effect until 1959. The new method, said Bishop Frederick D. Goodwin, "frees the spirit and brings in the money too." Meanwhile, delegates approved a record budget of \$568,049; rejected a motion to allow women to serve on vestries; adopted a resolution asking Congress to enact legislation that would "facilitate a realistic and humane response to the world-wide refugee problem"; admitted one "separate congregation" and two missions, and elected these deputies to General Convention: clerical, the Rev. Messrs. S. B. Chilton, A. T. Mollegen, H. A. Donovan, D. H. Lewis Jr.; lay, G. R. Humrickhouse, B. P. Harrison Jr., A. A. Smoot, J. P. Causey.

Western Massachusetts (Christ Church Cathedral, Springfield. May 17-18): Heard Bishop W. Appleton Lawrence announce his retirement, effective Nov. 28. Presiding Bishop Sherrill, guest speaker, paid tribute to Bishop Lawrence for his service to the Church, Bishop Law-

rence's successor will be elected at a special convention in the fall. Meanwhile delegates approved a \$360,000 budget ama resolution urging a change in Massachusetts law to make it easier for couple to adopt children not of their own religion Elected to General Convention: clericathe Rev. Messrs. M. F. Williams, M. W. Eckel, A. G. Noble, P. H. Steinmetz; law. R. W. Boyer, W. W. Yerrall, M. C. Jaguith, W. S. Dakin.

Western New York (St. Paul Church, Lewiston. May 14): Heard Bist op Lauriston L. Scaife propose "hous type" discussion groups-on such matter as the family, Christian marriage and basic human needs-in new residentia areas where churches and recreation. facilities are not available. The bishops ro ported that of \$1.3 million pledged, \$876 804 has been collected so far in the Epis copal Advance Funds Campaign ending Dec. 31. A proposed budget of \$238,41 will be acted upon after the fall Ever-Member Canvass. Elected to General Convention: clerical, the Very Rev. P. F. M. Nairy, the Rev. Messrs. J. D. Mears, W. H Bowker, C. H. Richardson; lay, C. Town send Jr., H. E. Say, L. J. Dutton, M. W. Gleasner.

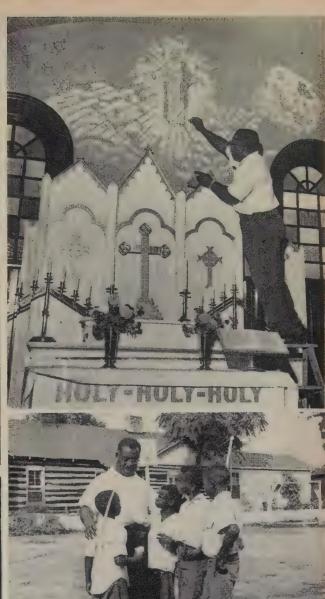
West Missouri (Christ Church, Sonseph. May 13-14): Heard from Bishot Edward R. Welles that for the first time in the diocese's history more than 90 persons were confirmed in the past year On behalf of the clergy, Bishop Welle presented to the Very Rev. Clarence I Haden Jr., dean of Grace and Holy Trinit Cathedral, Kansas City, and Bishop Conditionally and Committee of Sacramento, a gold chalfor his pectoral cross. Delegates adopted a resolution to appoint a committee of study the function of the diaconate and how it might be improved.

· West Virginia (Christ Church, Faii mont. May 14-16.): Heard that its Epil copal Advance Fund went so far over this top that it has received \$309,272 ii pledges, with more promised. The original goal was \$250,000. Delegates agreed to "Sword of the Spirit" movement for the coming three years to avoid "spiritus disintegration" due to man's over-concern with "peace and prosperity" and tendence to use religion as a "tool." The movemen is designed to reach out to all church members, "fringe" members and the un churched. Considered a convention high light was the advancement of two missions to parish status-St. John's, Huntington and St. Luke's, Charleston. Bishop Wil burn C. Campbell said it was the first time such action had been taken since h came to the diocese in 1951. Elections # General Convention: clerical, the Re-Messrs. F. F. Bush Jr., G. F. LeMoine, I Rowley, R. P. Atkinson; lay, R. D. Watt

## A Priest Is Many People

The people of Hopkinsville, Ky., where the rapidly-growing Good Shepherd Mission is located, know the Rev. Adolphus Carty as the man who put a "diversity of gifts" to work in reforming a tough section of town. By what he himself calls "evangelism through children," he has converted a locale of shootings and knife fights into a respectable neighborhood. How did he do it? Ingenuity. Sincerity. Hard work. They all apply. Formerly a member of a reform school staff, he knows how to deal with youngsters whose toughness is often no more than a compound of fear, idleness and insecurity. Working with little funds, he created play facilities with his own hands, making volleyball nets out of old pieces of string and archery targets from boxes stuffed with straw. Before the tiny mission was voted money for a parish house, two pyramid tents were made to do. Little League baseball was a part of the program until the city, inspired by Mr. Carty, began running a recreation program for the Negro community. A musician, he not only plays the organ but used "a mechanical bent" to render it 'electric" with the help of a washing-machine motor. He painted his own murals for the church's interior and carved a new cross for the altar. To help win older folks in a largely fundamentalist community, he conducts Men's Bible Class where religion shares the spotlight with doughnuts, coffee and informal dress. On this page he is shown in some of the activities that have "made the difference" at Good Shep-









## About SCHOOLS & COLLEGES





St. Philip's Chapel

## VOORHEES SCHOOL AND JUNIOR COLLEGE:

#### A Church Related School

Voorhees School and Junior College was founded in 1897 b Elizabeth Evelyn Wright, a graduate of Tuskegee Institute. received its name from Mr. Ralph Voorhees, of Clinton, N. who contributed the money for the purchase of the four hundre acres of land and for the erection of the first four building Since 1924 Voorhees School and Junior College has been und the supervision and general direction of the Protestant Episcop: Church and is administered through a Board of Trustees electe from the two Dioceses of South Carolina. It is Christian in influence and aims to provide a two year college program and four year high school program in a cultural environment and Christian atmosphere. Special emphasis is placed upon character development and the moral and spiritual growth of its student

At the present time the enrollment is 368 with approximate 150 in the junior college department. The high school is divide into three curricula-academic, general, and vocational. The jurior college has two divisions—the transfer and the terminal. The transfer students take the first two years of a regular four year liberal arts course, while the terminal students take vocational c secretarial science courses. Through an arrangement with th S. C. Area Trade School, which borders our campus, the term nal students have a choice of sixteen different trades.

Both the high school and junior college departments are as credited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Secondar. Schools and offer a well balanced program of Religious, accidemic, social, recreational, and athletic activities. Small classes enable us to give special attention to the needs of the student Additional information may be obtained by writing the Registra

## STUART HALL

VIRGINIA'S OLDEST PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR CIRLS Episcopal school in the Shenandoah Valley, Grades 9-12. Fully accredited. Notable college entrance record. Also general course with strong music and art. Modern equip-ment. Gymnasium, indoor swimming pool. Attractive campus, charming surroundings. Catalog.

MARTHA DABNEY JONES, M.A., Headmistress Box E Staunton, Virginia

#### CATHEDRAL CHOIR SCHOOL Established 1901

The Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine

A boarding school where the curriculum follows standard independent school requirements, but where the emphasis is placed upon the Christian perspective. From 4th through 8th grades, Applications welcomed from boys of good voice. Choir membership required, Liberal scholarships.

Headmaster, Alec Wyton, M. A. (Oxon) Dept. C, Cathedral Heights, N. Y. 25, N. Y.

### ST. ANNE'S SCHOOL

One of the Church Schools in the Diocese of Virginia. College preparatory. Girls, grades 7-12. Curriculum is well-rounded, emphasis is individual, based on principles of Christian democracy. Music, Art, Dramatics, Sports, Riding. Suite-plan dorms. Established 1910.

Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Randolph V

A.B. Bryn Mawr, M.A. University of Virginia ST. ANNE'S SCHOOL, CHARLOTTESVILLE 2, VA.



The oldest Church School west of the Alleghenies, I complete program of academics, athletics, ROTC, soci line, and worship is integrated to help boys grow "wisdom and stature and in favor with God and man.

The Rev. Canon SIDNEY W. GOLDSMITH, JR., Headmaster 470 Shumway Hall, Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn

#### SANFORD AND SUNNY HILLS SCHOOLS

Coed, ages 3-18. College preparatory, general courses. Small classes. Country campus eight miles from Wilmington. Art, musc, building projects, sports, riding. Fully accredited. Eight week summer session. Out-

Ellen Q. Sawin, Pres., Wm. N. Wingerd and Nancy C. Sawin, Dirs., Hockessin 9, Del.

#### HOWE MILITARY SCHOOL

Episcopal Est. 1884 Grades 5-12 College Preparatory, Each student has individual academic goal. Speech program. Sports for all. New indoor swimming pool. Modern fireproof dormitories. Enrollment: H. S. 225. Lower 100.

For catalog write Col. B. B. Bouton Adm. Building Howe, Ind.

### TEXAS MILITARY INSTITUTE, Est. 1886

Internationally-known Texas school.

Traditions of manliness, honor, courage. College preparatory, grades 8-12. Study techniques, guidance. Small classes. All sports. ROTC. Episcopal.

For Catalog write: A. B. CRAIG, Headmaster 500 College Blvd., San Antonio 9, Texas

## **VOORHEES SCHOOL AND JUNIOR COLLEGE**

DENMARK, S. C.

Co-educational Departments: Junior College, High School and Trades. Fully Accredited A Grade by the Southern Association. Under direction of American Church Institute for Negroes. Beautiful location. Reasonable Terms. For information, write to THE REGISTRAR.

#### CHRISTCHURCH SCHOOL

Christchurch, Virginia

One of the Church Schools in the Diocese of Virginia. A Virginia school for boys on salt water. College Preparation.

Moderate Cost.

Robert M. Yarbrough, Jr., M. A., Acting Headmaster

#### SCHOOL OF NURSING

#### St. Luke's Hospital Davenport, Iowa

Three year approved program - College affiliation - Male and married students accepted --- Loans and scholarships available. For information write to Director.

OTHER SCHOOL ADVERTISING ON PAGES 29-30.

## ST. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Sewanee, Tenn.

Preparation for any college is give at St. Mary's. Also special work for students who need it.

Catalogue—The Sister Superior, C.S.M.

## ST. THOMAS CHOIR SCHOOL

The boarding school for boys of the choir of St. Thomas Church, Fifth Avenue, is now receiving applications for entrance to the 5th Grade in September, 1957. A complete program of independent school studies is offered in Grades 5-8. Special emphasis is placed on recreational and athletic activities. The School's buildings are modern and fully equipped. Endowed, Full fee, \$400.

Robert H. Porter, S.T.B., Headmaster 123 West 55th Street, New York 19, New York

## THE BISHOP'S SCHOOM

LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA
A Resident and Day School for Girls, Grades Sever through Twelve, College Preparatory.

ARI-MUSIC DRAMATICS
Twenty-Acre Campus, Outdoor Heated Pool, Tennis
Hockey, Basketball, Riding.
THE RI. REV. FRANCIS ERIC BLOY
President of Board of Trustees

ROSAMOND E. LARMOUR, M.A. Headmistress

#### KEMPER HALL

Church Boarding School for Girls, 86th year, Thorong college preparation and spiritual training, Unusual opprunnities in Music, Dramatics and Fine Arts including Ceramics, All sports, Junior School, Beautiful lake shortamus 50 miles from Chicago, Under the direction the Sisters of St. Mary,

Write for Catalog

Box EC

Kenesha, Wisconsin

## THE NATIONAL CATHEDRAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

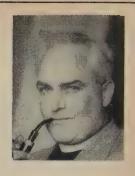
On the 58-acre Close of the Cathedral in the Nation's Capital. College prepara-cory. Boarding, grades 8-12. Day, grades 4-12. Sports, riding and varied activities. 56th year. Catalogue.

KATHARINE LEE, Principal Mount St. Alban, Washington 16, D. C.



London Notebook

by Dewi Morgan



Caesar Slept Here: With a reasonably fast car you could get from England to France in the time it takes to smoke a king-size cigarette-if it were not for 20 or so miles of water in between. That water has annoved a succession of notable people, from Julius Caesar to Hitler. Perhaps things like the European Common Market are going to decrease its importance. Perhaps things like the long-discussed Channel Tunnel will annihilate it altogether.

Nevertheless, England will remain England and Europe will remain Europe. And in nothing is the difference greater between them than in the organization of the Christian faith. Europe has nothing which is really akin to the Church of England with its constant resolving of the tension between Catholic and Protestant.

The Church of England is, therefore, very much of an alien flower in continental Europe. While it has been and continues to be a missionary Church over all the rest of the world, its activities in Europe have been, until very recently, limited to caring for its own people who go to Europe on business or pleasure.

"Until very recently"-that qualification is necessary, for the close participation of the Church of England in the ecumenical movement has given it continental contacts of a kind it has never had before. And it is not too much to say that to those contacts the Church of England has singular and significant gifts to bring.

The 20th Century seems more and more to be showing forth the Church of England as the link between the ancient Churches of Christendom and the post-Reformation Churches. It is frequently described as a "bridge Church." While this is not entirely a happy phrase (for a bridge is something you pass over, not remain on) it has a meaning.

The Church adheres to all the marks and the doctrines of the Apostolic age. It is wholly Catholic in its respect for tradition and its reverence for an institutional Body of Christ. At the same time, it is Protestant against all man-made errors. And it accords to the Bible an esteem second to none. Anglican Biblical scholarship is deservedly famous. The Church of England knows and appreciates what the Protestant means when he talks of a direct approach to God and also knows and loves the sacramental means which God has given us to mediate that approach.

The sum total of these things gives it an importance for the whole Christian body which is quite beyond any statistical significance. And it is because Anglican churches in Europe enshrine these things that they demand our support when we saunter by Lake Geneva or the fountains of Rome.

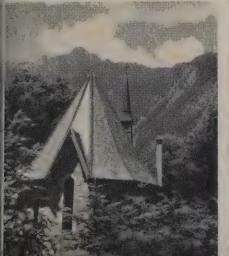
The Anglican Church in Europe

has an important future. It also has a fascinating past. The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel was only two years old when in 1703 it made "a benefaction of Greek liturgies and Testaments for the common Muscovites." A similar gift was made to Amsterdam at the same time. By the mid-18th Century, the S.P.G. was making a grant to the University of Debritzen (about the same time as it made grants to Harvard), the alma mater of most of Hungary's clergy. It was also S.P.G. which supplied ministrations to the soldiers in the Crimean War, long before Britain's War Office had established a Chaplains' Department.

As time went on, other agencies came in to assist the S.P.G. in this task. The founding of the Colonial and Continental Church Society meant a great extension of the work. And the creation of the Diocese of Gibraltar in 1842 established all the activities in southern Europe.

Today the Church in Europe is divided into two administrated spheres - the Diocese of Gibraltar, which looks after the southern parts, and the Jurisdiction of North and Central Europe, which is headed by the Bishop of Fulham, who is a suffragan of the Bishop of London. This is a reminder of the time when the whole of Anglican work outside England was the responsibility of the Bishop

continued on page 34







# Editorials

## Denver's Dean Roberts – Gallant Christian

The city of Denver is a mile high. It has a big heart, a big soul, and a big vision. Mounting guard above the city stand the great mountains and in the city are men to "match these mountains." Since 1936 Paul Roberts has been the dean of Denver's St. John's Cathedral. His ministry in this exciting city has been one of the glories of the contemporary Church in America.

Dean Roberts has been in the midst of nearly every good thing in Denver. He has preached and lived a Christianity which is relevant to the world in which we live. He has been unafraid to champion unpopular causes. His vestry and his people have supported him, even when some of them have not agreed with him, because they have always known that he was an honest and humble disciple of Jesus Christ. His great heart has leaped across every barrier of race and class and creed. A powerful preacher in one of the great pulpits of America, Paul Roberts' finest sermon has been the life he has lived. He has practiced what he preached, with an eloquence which has touched every corner of his city.

A few weeks ago Dean Roberts retired. Denver is a bigger city, in its soul and in its vision, because of the noble ministry of this gallant Christian. There are only a few really great priests in every generation. Paul Roberts is one of them in our day.

## Church Parties and the Church

The Episcopal Church, as part of the Anglican Communion, represents a synthesis of three great traditions in the Christian Church. These are Catholic, Protestant (or Evangelical), and Liberal. Each represents a very important part of the whole Truth as we have received the Truth. As "Church parties," however, each one represents only a fragment of the whole.

It is part of our Anglican way to accept with joy the fact of this diversity within a fundamental unity. In the eyes of people outside our fellowship this often seems like accepting ideas which are logically incompatible. What is not usually understood is that this involves no weak dilution of the Truth. It is, on the contrary, the willing

acceptance of the creative tension which is the inevitable result of trying to comprehend the fullness of Truth. Thus, Bishop Sherrill at the Anglican Conference quoted the Principal of Cuddesdon College: "We have our treasures indeed, a Catholic Church yet reformed, her authority conspicuous for that moderation which she seeks to show forth in all things, her episcopacy constitutional, her priesthood comprehensive, her liturgy popular. These are peculiarly our own. But it is for the Church at large that we hold them and for her benefit that we must bring out of this treasure things old and new."

For some time now it has seemed to everyone that our Church was growing in understanding and harmony. Now and then, however, we hear the rumblings of the bitterwind of confusion as parties within the Church rally around a fragment of the Truth and hurl their criticisms at their fellow churchmen. It seems to be much easier to argue about the Faith than to be loyal to it, to defend a part of the Truth than to try to comprehend the Whole Truth.

We are reminded again of the Anglican Congress and of the words of Bishop Wand. Of "Parties in the Church," he said: "They are not irreconcilable attitudes. If you take them right back to the fundamental beginnings, you see that they are essential attitudes. None of us can be completely Christian without holding both (Catholic and Evangelical). But where you have tensions like that, it is almost inevitable that you should have people who emphasize the one and people who emphasize the other . . . What we want is a new synthesis at a higher level . . As far as I am concerned, I should be extremely glad to Catholicize every Evangelical I have met, and by the same token, to give him the opportunity to Evangelicalize me if he can. It is not by jeering at each other, it is by recognizing fully that each of us has a side of the Truth that weshall produce the synthesis. As a matter of fact, we each have not merely a side of the Truth; we have a part of both sides. That is where we overlap, and it is because we overlap in that way that we can still be happy together within one Church."

## The Church in South Africa

Perhaps altogether too few of us are aware of the sufferings of our brethren in South Africa. They need our sympathetic concern, our interest, and our continuous intercessions. The heroic witness of the Anglican Church in South Africa is a challenge to every one of us as we face similar problems in our own country.

A bill, now adopted by both houses of the South African parliament, empowers the Ministry of Native Affairs to bar Negroes "from churches, clubs, hospitals, schools, places of public entertainment or public meetings outside their own residential areas" if their presence is considered unlesirable. It is this law which the Anglican Church has beenly defied and has said that it could not obey. To obey, our brethren in South Africa contend, would be disloyal to the Church's Lord and Master, Jesus Christ.

The New York Times, commenting on the law and the Anglican position has said:

"At the heart of the whole measure, as the churchmen were quick to point out, is the fact that the determination of what is undesirable or a 'nuisance' is left to the whim or judgment of a single individual and cannot be carried to the courts. The clergy pointed out that this was a violation of freedom of worship, and the terms of the bill in respect to churches have been slightly modified to permit hearings before an action is taken.

"This does not change what is basically wrong with the measure, which is as damaging and dangerous as the whole concept of segregation itself. When one man is empowered to make decisions concerning the rights of individuals in a variety of fields without any question of judicial review, the whole function of law as the protector of human rights is destroyed. It is not merely 'equal protection'—and we ourselves must go further than we have done thus far to make this really effective—it is the whole basis of a society under law that is at stake.

"We know by experience that great social changes cannot be brought about by legislation alone, however desirable the legislation may be. But no civilized community anywhere can afford, at any point to allow government under law to be undercut, and to substitute for it, under whatever pretext, government under prejudice."

These events in South Africa not only call out our concern for our brethren there. They bring lessons which we dare not ignore, for such as this can, and sometimes does, happen here.

## The 23rd Psalm and the H-Bomb

One of the sorriest spectacles in Christendom is the manner in which religion and the Bible have been used to bless or to condone almost any evil in the world. Men have defended slavery with biblical texts. They have condoned war and cruelty to enemies by quoting Scripture. Now we hear the London Daily Express has referred to the H-Bomb as "our defense, our security, our staff and our rod."

Reginald Reynolds was quick to pick this up. He has written this poem for the New Statesman and Nation:

Some pious Christians may read with qualms
This breezy reference to your staff and rod—
From my own recollection of the psalms
Hadn't the staff something to do with God?
But since you parody the Twenty-Third
I am content to take you at your word.

"The valley of the shadow"—that's the verse—You "fear no evil" when your bombs descend; Your love of quoting Scripture makes it worse That you pervert it to so foul an end. Why must we have such sanctimonious slime To smear with humbug each audacious crime?

The thaumaturge had but his soul to sell—
Mad politicians sell the whole creation;
Faustus raised Helen—they are raising Hell
To plunge a planet in their own damnation.
Faust knew what he was doing—more or less—
This gruesome gambit is a clumsy guess.

Doomed men may yet take pride in how they die— What pride is ours in suicidal gambles? And in what Gadarene, half-human sty, Do ghouls proclaim this Gospel of the Shambles?

I, too, can twist a text—the Race of Man, About to die, salutes you . . . Caliban.

REGINALD REYNOLDS

The great Apostle said, "Pray without ceasing." Develop the habit of making intercessions in frequent little prayers. When you see a crippled person, think "Lord have mercy upon him." When you hear someone use profanity, think "Blessed be the Holy Name of Jesus." When someone hurts you or offends you, think "Father, forgive him, for he knows not what he does." When you see someone driving recklessly down the street, think "God guide him." These little prayers are gifts we are offering to God, and God takes them and uses them for the benefit of the one for whom we pray.

—the Rev. Roy Pettway, Church of Our Saviour, Atlanta



## Our Churches In Europe

Seven American Episcopal churches in Europe serve many people and witness to our world-wide mission.

PARIS is said to be one of the largest "American" cities, so numerous are our nationals there. The same is true of nearly every city in Europe. American businessmen, government workers, tourists, military personnel, and United Nations employees are in evidence throughout the length and breadth of the "Old World." Their presence in such numbers is an entirely new post-war phenomenon. It presents the Church with an unprecedented opportunity and challenge.

The good news of this story is that the Church is on the job. The dean of our Paris Cathedral, the Very Rev. Dr. Sturgis Lee Riddle, writes us that: "The seven churches of the European Convocation, St. John the Divine's mystical number, are getting ready to welcome fellow-churchmen and

Americans traveling in Europe this summer. With St. John. we wish you 'Grace and Peace from Him which is, and which was, and which is to come.' The American Express Company. whose head in France is Mr. Harry Hill, junior warden of the Paris cathedral, estimates that American visitors will number some 600,000 this year."

The majority of our European parishes go back about 100 years. They were established by devout churchmen to provide the Church's ministry to resident and visiting Americans. Our Church has the privilege of representing, almost uniquely, American, non-Roman Christianity on the continent. Our parishes have always extended a warm welcome and their full ministry to "all sorts and conditions of men." They

oly Trinity Cathedral, Paris

American Church, Geneva

St. Paul's, Rome







re not chapels, nor "chapels of ease." They are fully organzed, self-governing, hard-working, self-supporting (for the nost part) parishes, with all the activities of a home church. Their "coffee-hours" after the services provide a happy meeting-place for Americans from far and near, and the local esidents who act as hosts and hostesses are mines of information for the traveler.

The Episcopal churches in Europe are by canon under the Presiding Bishop, who sometimes has exercised the jurisdiction personally. However, Presiding Bishop Sherrill has always appointed a Bishop-in-Charge to represent him, the atest being the Rt. Rev. Norman B. Nash, retired Bishop of Massachusetts. Bishop Nash, accompanied by Mrs. Nash, has ust made his visitations to the parishes, and Episcopal Armed Forces chaplains, concluding with a consultation with the Archbishop of Canterbury.

The mother church of the Convocation, the seat of the Bishop-in-Charge, is the Pro-Cathedral Church of the Holy Trinity, 23 Avenue George V, Paris. (See separate story on American Churchmen in Paris.)

Our other parish in France, the Church of the Holy Spirit, 1 Boulevard Victor Hugo, Nice, has as rector a priest with French antecedents, the Rev. Marcel Brun-Gotteland, Th.D., ormerly of the French Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. Nice, with its beautiful church and rectory, was once a popuar and affluent center for American residents. All that is now changed, residents are few, and the last years have been aard sledding for the church. However, the stationing of many Vavy families in the Nice area has brought new life and ectivity to the parish. Sunday School and Auxiliaries have been revived, and the rector has issued an attractive bulletin, 'The Church Bell," to be circulated through the Mediteranean coast in the hopes of attracting the scattered Amercans to the only Episcopal church in that whole area. Sucsessful efforts are being made to restore the fine organ, long in need of repair. (See separate story on the American Church n Geneva, Switzerland.)

In Italy, which so many Americans have come to know and ove, two beautiful churches with vigorous programs admirably represent our branch of Christ's Holy Catholic Church. St. Paul-Within-the-Walls, Room 58 Via Napoli, so named o distinguish it from the ancient basilica of St. Paul's Outside-the-Walls, the traditional site of St. Paul's execution, has been declared a national Italian monument. It houses the masterpiece in mosaic of the pre-Raphaelite painter, Sir

Edward Burne-Jones. The rector, the Rev. Charles Shreve, an honorary canon of the Paris cathedral, is a leader in the American colony in Rome, the second largest in Europe, and carries on a widely organized program of activities for both Church and community. Rome has been flooded with refugees from Hungary and the Near East. St. Paul's has set up a nursery and school program in its parish house, and the rector has ministered in many ways to these refugees. Canon Shreve's latest project has been to establish a teen-age center for 135 young Americans in the basement of the rectory, which he describes, humorously, as looking "something like a Paris existentialist cave." He has persuaded Father Cunningham, rector of the American Roman Catholic Church, to be his co-chairman for the Rome Youth Council. Thus our Church is strongly represented in the papal capital.

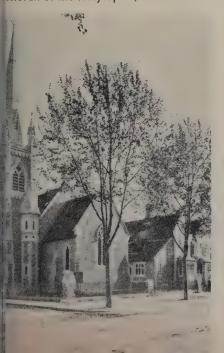
In lovely Florence, which Edward Hutton calls "the jewel of Europe," St. James' Church, 15 Via Bernardo Rucellai, with its Buttles Memorial Chapel, a gem of Siena marble, welcomes the throngs of visitors to this shrine city of the Medicis. The rector, the Rev. Victor Stanley, will be in residence all summer to greet traveling Americans at the services and coffee-hour. The Ladies' Guild, under the leadership of Mrs. Dale Fisher, wife of our consul general, recently gave a benefit for the church and Hungarian relief in the ballroom

continued on page 32

St. Christopher's, Frankfurt



Church of the Holy Spirit, Nice





St. Jame Church, Florence continued

## American Churchmen In Paris

The American Cathedral is "A Lighthouse of American Faith and Freedom Abroad."

THE Cathedral Church of the Holy Trinity on the Avenue George V is a source of pride to every Episcopalian in Paris. But it is vastly more than that. It is a real parish, with an active and dynamic ministry not only to Americans abroad but to the City of Paris itself. Here is a "home away from home," a little bit of America in a foreign land. More important, here is the Christian Church at work in a challenging situation.

American Episcopal services in Paris go back to 1847. After outgrowing a church on the Rue Bayard, which was sold to the Church of Scotland, the cornerstone of the present Church of the Holy Trinity in the Avenue George V was laid in 1881. Built by the famous English architect, George Edmund Street, R. A., and considered "the most beautiful example of English Gothic on the Continent," the Cathedral has been declared a "monument classe" by the Beaux-Arts. It houses many treasures of art, including an Edmund Abbey altar piece, stained glass windows illustrating the Te Deum, a Marie-Antoinette prie-dieu, a collection of international, national and state flags, and many fine examples of French antique ecclesiastical art. The cloisters are a memorial to Americans who served in the first World War.

The Cathedral numbers in its parish family some 700 souls, mostly American, but also including English, Cana-

dians, French, and others. The parish is made up of a few old Paris residents, but mostly, now, of people who are serving in diplomatic, military, or business capacities for a variable term of years. There are always the traveling visitors especially in the summer months when Paris is a crossroads of the world.

## Center for American Community

The Cathedral serves as a center of American Community life, with a Sunday School of over 200, an active social service organization known as the Junior Guild, a Men's Club, clubfor young people of college and high school age, and Boy and Girl Scout troops. Thirty-two persons were in the Confirma tion class presented to Bishop Norman B. Nash on April 7 Many persons, influenced by their associations at the Cathe dral, sooner or later present themselves for Confirmation either here or elsewhere. The parish tries to fulfill the role of a cathedral in serving as a "show window" for the best ou Church has to offer in liturgy, music, ministry and Christiai life. The choir, made up mostly of French professional singerfrom the Opera and elsewhere, is directed by Norman Proulx the only American ever to win the first prize in organ at the Paris Conservatory. The vestry is composed of a representative cross section of the diplomatic, civic and business leader: of the colony. The former Ambassador to France, the Hon. C Douglas Dillon, now deputy Under-Secretary of State, served as a member of the vestry. Dean Sturgis Lee Riddle has received a letter from the new ambassador, the Hon. Amory Houghton, stating, "I am greatly honored that you should wish me to become a member of your vestry. The church have meant much to me over the years, and I will be more than happy to accept this invitation." The official ambassador's pew has been set aside in the Cathedral since the days of Ambassa dor Whitelaw Reid.

#### Parish News

On April 4, the Men's Club of the Cathedral gave a dinner in the parish house in honor of Bishop Nash, attended by a capacity crowd, at which the bishop and Dr. Arthur Compton

Idaho's flag is added to the American Cathedral's collection. Ambassador Dillon, Dean Riddle and Idaho's retired Bishop Rhea examine it.

amous physicist and chancellor of Washington University, t. Louis, spoke. Lt. Gen. Clovis Byers, commandant of the ATO Defense College, is an officer of the club. The president, ohn Ferguson, announced a gift from the club to Seabury-Vestern Theological Seminary, of \$1,000 in memory of the te beloved Stephen E. Keeler, Bishop of Minnesota and ishop-in-Charge of the European Convocation, the post ishop Nash now holds.

In recognition of his loyal and able services as assistant or the past two years, the Rev. William H. Wagner. formerly f St. Stephen's, Providence, R. I., has been made a canon f the Cathedral. He will continue his supervision of all the outh activities and his sharing generally in the parish mintry. The Rev. Charles Shreve, rector of St. Paul's, Rome, is n honorary canon.

Conon Wasses

Canon Wagner conducts regular services at three American filitary bases in France where no Episcopal chaplain is available. This is a courtesy to the service personnel who mean so such to the life, work and support of the Cathedral. During the liberation, 1944-46, the Cathedral was made the official S. Army worship center for Protestants by Commanding General J. C. H. Lee, now executive vice-president of the ational Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

On April 10, during Queen Elizabeth's impressive state visit of Paris, the dean and some members of the vestry were invited to be present at the laying of the cornerstone by the Queen of the new Church of Scotland. The former church building in the Rue Bayard was for many years the Church of the Holy Prinity parish, until it was outgrown, sold to the Scottish Church, and the present site on the Avenue George V acquired. The Anglican clergy of Paris and the surrounding area, including the clergy of the Cathedral, meet once a month for uncheon and a conference.

Dean Riddle left for the U.S. early in June to receive an



AP Photo

Virginia's Governor Stanley, the dean and retired Bishop Brown of Southern Virginia after governor placed wreath at Cathedral memorial honoring American war dead.



High altar of American Cathedral.

honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity at the commencement exercises of Seabury-Western Seminary, and to fulfill summer preaching engagements at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and Trinity Church, New York City. Several distinguished preachers will fill the Cathedral pulpit during the summer season, including Suffragan Bishop William S. Thomas of Pittsburgh, Dean Julian Bartlett of Grace Cathedral, San Francisco, Dr. John Ellis Large of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York City, and others.

One of the great occasions of the year in Paris is the annual Memorial Day service in the Cathedral, May 30th. The service this year was the 40th in the Cathedral's history. The head of the Armed Forces Division of our Church, Bishop Henry I. Louttit of South Florida, preached the sermon, and the Rev. Dr. Robert J. Plumb, executive secretary of the Division, participated along with many of the Anglican, Orthodox, and Protestant clergy resident in Paris. The service is always attended by ranking allied personalities and delegations—ecclesiastical, diplomatic, civic and military. After the impressive ceremonies at the Cathedral, the American ambassador led a procession up the Champs Elysees to the Arc de Triomphe, where he laid a wreath on the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

The women of the Junior Guild, who raise some \$18,000 a year for their charities, mostly French, had a most successful pre-Lenten "Gala," a benefit dance at the Hotel des Deux-Mondes, and are now at work on their spring rummage sale. Their activities not only bring relief to desperate individual cases, and French charitable institutions, but make for much good will for our Church and country at a time and place where it is sorely needed.

At a coffee hour following the services, visitors are invited to take, wear, and keep one of the little silver crosses hung

continued on page 32



World Council of Churches Headquarters. There are approximately 1200 Americans in the Geneva area.

## The American Church In Geneva



Here, under the direction of the Reverent Gerald O'Grady, the Episcopal Church mirr isters to a truly ecumenical congregation.

O NE OF THE most exciting parishes in Christendom Emmanuel Episcopal Church in Geneva, Switzerland, E tablished over 80 years ago for a very small community of consular and business people and tourists, "The American Church," as it is commonly called, now finds itself at the center of the European Office of the United Nations Organization, the World Council of Churches, the World Health Office, the League of Rec Cross Societies, and literally dozens of international group Several hundred Americans serve on the staffs of these organizations and, in addition, Geneva is increasingly a center of the European offices of American business firms. Approximately 400 American students in addition to resident familie add up to a total of something like 1200 Americans in the Geneva area. This is a large potential community, but the

Choir rehearsal in the rectory. Behind Mr. O'Grady are Jac Garnish, John Craig and Anne Terry. migration" problem in stateside parishes is mild compared the 30 per cent turnover per year in Geneva.

The American Church ministers in one way or another a majority of these people, as well as to a number of ationals of other countries. "Under these circumstances uestions as to denomination and faith are seldom raised," ays the Rev. Gerald O'Grady, the rector. "A touring student's killed in a bicycle accident; young parents lose their only hild in a sudden illness; military personnel want the blessing a Christian wedding after the cold formality of the civil eremony—in all of these situations a Christian ministry with familiar American flavor becomes particularly important, and we are delighted to extend that ministry."

### An Ecumenical Parish

Geneva is the headquarters city of the World Council of Churches. The American Church congregation includes more han a dozen American clergy and their families from the staff of the World Council, and from the World Alliance of (MCAs. Approached as an ecumenical experiment, the parish so definitely Prayer Book in its orientation, but at the same ime seeks the full richness of the ecumenical scene by wellowing into its fellowship people of every denominational background, encouraging each to contribute the particular vitness of his heritage for the greater enrichment of the whole congregation.

The rector represents the congregation of the American Church in many of the activities of the World Council, includng participation in the great ecumenical services in John Calvin's Cathedral of St. Pierre, the conferences and confultations between the World Council and officials of the nany international organizations in the search of "an international ethos," and by participation in conferences and courses at the Ecumenical Institute at Bossey, at which both aymen and clergy from all over the world meet to explore problems of ecumenical concern. The rector attended an nternational conference of college chaplains at Bossey as a representative of the Episcopal Church in 1954. This past summer he served as chaplain of the Theological Students' Conference, which brought together every kind of non-Roman Christian, including Anglicans, Free Churchmen, Orthodox and Copts, from every corner of the globe. He also participated in a panel on "Ecumenical Tensions" during the Laymen's Conference.

In addition to the ecumenical nature of the parish itself, he American Church extends its hospitality to the Metropolitan of Philadelphia, Bishop James, who represents the Ecumenical Patriarch of Constantinople at the World Council of Churches in Geneva, for Greek Orthodox services in the church. Good rapport has also been established with Father Gauthier of the Old Catholic Church.

The American Church in Geneva joins with the English Church, the Scottish Church, and an English-speaking Lutheran congregation in sponsoring a United Sunday School for all English-speaking children. These four congregations, together with a Quaker group, sponsor the Christian Forum, which now presents a year-round program of lectures and discussions for adults, drawing on the extraordinary talents not only of the World Council, but of the many Christian laymen serving on the staffs of the various international organizations. All of these activities are centered in the American Community House, owned and operated by the American Church, since it is the only parish house among these congregations.

## The Community House

The Community House is the center for a great deal of the group life, not only of the American community, but of many international groups. Square dances every Tuesday draw surprising crowds of people, many of them with only a smattering of English, but a compensating eagerness. A Scottish dance group meets on Thursdays. It is international and multi-lingual. The Women's Guild of the American Church includes women of all faiths, and of all nationalities, working daily from 9:30 to 4:00 on various service projects for children's villages, preventoria, and now, of course, for the refugees.

Special occasions punctuate the program year, with a children's party at Christmas, sponsored by the American Club, the American Church, and the American Women's Welcome Committee, and a Hallowe'en party for ages 10 to 15, so successful that a regular series of parties and dances for this group is now being launched.

for this group is now being launched.

On Election Day a "party," beginning at 5 a. m. with three radio receivers bringing the latest election results, served coffee and croissants to over 600 persons, including two Russian delegates who were invited to observe, at least indirectly, a "free election." The Community House is also an "information center," with the centralized files of the American Club and the Welcome Committee, so that it is in fact a very real center of the American Community life in Geneva.

continued on page 32

John Foster Dulles, Dr. Visser 't Hooft, President and Mrs. Eisenhower, and son, John, with American Church rector.



## The Lord's Own Service

(An Outline for the Holy Communion)

Page in Prayer Book	The Parts of the Service	The Meaning	Where the Bible Explains It	What We Do
		peak to God and He	•	
67	Preparation	We prepare our hearts.	Psalm 43 and Matthew 5:8	Kneel
68, 69	The Ten Com- mandments or Summary of the Law	We hear what God wants us to be.	Deut. 5:6 ff, Matthew 22:34-40	Kneel
	A	. We Speak to Go	od	
70	Lord, Have Mercy (Kyrie)	We ask for mercy.	Luke 18:13	Kneel
90 to 269 (Accord- ing to Day)	Collect or Prayer for the Day	We express our need for God.	Ephesians 2:8-9 and 3:13-21	Kneel
	В	. God Speaks to U	Js	
90 to 269	The Epistle	God speaks through His Apostles and Prophets.	Paul's Letters & the Prophets	Sit
90 to 269	The Gospel	Our Lord's own words and deeds.	Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John	Stand
71	The Creed	The summary of our Faith—The mighty acts of God.	Acts 8:36-37	Stand
He	re may follow the A	nnouncements, Sermon, ai	nd any special praye	rs.

## Part II — We Offer to God and He Gives to Us

The Eucharist (Called in ancient days "The Mass of the Faithful")

## A. We Offer to God

72,73 Offering of Alms, Bread, and Wine	In these we offer our- selves and our work to be redeemed in our Lord.	Ephesians 5:2 Romans 12:8 Mark 12:33 Matthew 5:23-24	Stand
--	---	---	-------

74	The Prayer for the Church	We offer the whole Church and all our needs the Church, rulers, clergy, all people, our difficulties, our departed friends.	1 Timothy 2:1-5	Kneel
75,76	Confession and Absolution	We offer our sins and receive God's pardon.	James 5:16	Kneel
76	The Comfortable Words	"So God loved the world"	John 3:16 Matthew 11:28	Kneel
76	"Lift up your hearts"	We express our thankfulness.	Psalm 25:2 Luke 17:11-19	Kneel
76 to 79	The Preface (with "Proper Preface" for special times)	We join with "all the company of heaven."	Revelation 7:9-12	Kneel
77,79	"Holy, Holy, Holy"	We praise God for His glory.	Isaiah 6:1-4 Revelation 4:8 Matthew 21:8, 9	Kneel
	В	. God Gives to U	s	
80, 81	The Prayer of Consecration	The bread and the wine are consecrated in our Lord's own words, so that we "may be partakers of His most blessed Body and Blood."	Luke 22:7-20 1 Cor. 11:23-29	Kneel and express our love, especially at the words said by our Lord.
82	The Lord's Prayer	We sum up our petitions.	Luke 11:2	Kneel
82	The Prayer of Humble Access	We pause to remember our unworthiness and to claim again God's mercy.	Matthew 8:8 Luke 15:18-24	Kneel
82, 83	The Communion	We receive "the strengthening and refreshing of our souls by the Body and Blood of Christ, as our bodies are strengthened and refreshed by the Bread and Wine"—(Offices of Instruction).	John 6:53-56	Go to the altar, kneel, and receive. Pray for each other and for the absent.
83	The Thanksgiving	We thank God.	Philippians 4:6	Kneel
84	The Gloria in Excelsis	We praise God.	Luke 2:8-18	Stand
84	The Blessing	The Priest dismisses us with the Lord's Blessing and we return to the world to do His work.	Philippians 4:7	Kneel

NOTE: Prepared by William S. Lea, our editor, this chart is available from Morehouse-Gorham Co., 14 E. 41st St., New York, at 6¢ each, \$2.50 for 50, or \$4.50 for 100.



## ST. JAMES LESSONS

CONTENT: Based on the Prayer Book. Workbook, 33 lessons, handwork. METHOD: Nine courses

ST. JAMES LESSONS, INC.

P. O. Box 251, Larchmont, N. Y.

## Personal Notices

INOUIRE CONCERNING RATES

#### FOR SALE

Complete set records and books in carrying case for learning Italian language. Records played only four times, some not at all. Books in perfect condition, including dictionary. Cost \$65. Will sell for \$40. Box 1449 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.

#### **GUEST HOUSE**

"CLOVER FIELDS" Quiet restful country home, open all year. A limited number of guests. Ten miles from Charlottesville and University of Virginia. Swimming, golf & tennis privileges at nearby Country Club. Delcious food and reasonable rates. For terms write Mrs. Charlotte Randolph Rafferty, Keswick, Va.

#### PERSONNEL WANTED

TEACHERS-openings in elementary and secondary grades in parish schools of Diocese of Los Angeles. Send full details of education and experi-ence with grades preferred to: The Rev. Kenneth W. Cary, Box 37, Pacific Palisades, California.

Man—college graduate who likes children and wants to work with them in institution setting in Virginia. Opportunity for administration—casework experience desired but not necessary—salary depends upon qualifications—other benefits. Write Box 1450 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va., stating education, experience, give references.

SUPERVISORS, CUSTODIANS, JANITORS, MECHANICS for co-educational college located on Long Island. Excellent benefits. Apply direct for application form to Physical Plant Office, Hofstra College, 1000 Fulton Avenue, Hempstead, N. Y., attention Mr. T. G. Walshe.

TEACHERS, Kindergarten & 1st Grade, experienced. Apply by writing St. Timothy's Parish Day School, St. Timothy's Lane, Baltimore 28, Md.

#### POSITIONS WANTED

PRIEST: married, two children; exceptional training, broad, rector or assistant. Box 1448 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.

PRIEST will supply month of August in exchange for living in Rectory. Have wife and child. Prefer near seashore. Reply Box 1451, Episcopal Church-news. Richmond 11, Va.

CANADIAN CLERGYMAN seeks position in U. S. Conservative Evangelical. Missionary experience. Principal Indian Residential School Social Service. Business admin. Personnel selection. Adaptive. North preferred. Box 1452 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.

35 year old Deacon, level-headed, experienced desires to supply parish during August in exchange for living quarters for self and family. Box 1453, Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.

CHOIRMASTER, B.M., M.M., soprano, Churchwoman, specialized training in chanting. Full or part-time. Box 1455 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond

PRIEST, married, moderate Prayerbook Churchman, desires change. Preferably northern portion, east or west. Box 1456 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

BUILDINGS FOR DONATION. Two wood frame single story structures. One 111 ft. x 26 ft. and one H-shaped with a total of 238 ft. x 24 ft. complete with heating systems and electrical wiring. Suitable for mission, parish hall, Sunday School, camps, etc. Located Long Island. Presently occupied. Excellent condition, available July-August 1957. Apply Box 1454 Episcopal Churchnews, Richmond 11, Va.



## Reinhold Niebuhr writes about

## Billy Graham In New York

A resident in New York may seem very parochial in reporting a New York event for readers outside New York. But Billy Graham has become a kind of national institution, and his New York Campaign, just beginning, is a good occasion and pretext for analyzing the relation of Billy Graham's evangelism to American Protestantism.

Graham's evangelism is in the tradition of America's frontier evangelical piety and is therefore an authentic bit of Americana. What makes it potent is that the gifts of a very personable young man and gifted public speaker are related to all the high pressure technics of modern salesmanship. All the arts of the "Madison Avenue crowd" (the advertising center of America) are practiced by the Graham entourage in the "Billy Graham Crusade."

One wonders about the position of the working pastors in this crusade. They are reduced to ballyhoo helpers in the effort to swell the Madison Square Garden crowds, and their essential dignity is compromised as leaders of Christian congregations in which the Christian life is socially embodied. Many of them rebel against this undignified role, not for reasons of personal pride, but because they think that the real witness of the Church is obscured when organized Protestantism seems to regard it important that Madison Square Garden be filled throughout the summer by crowds gathering around Billy Graham.

"There are diversities of gifts but the same spirit," and there is no reason why an evangelistic gift of a very modest and personable young man should not be heard. The only criticism which those of us who are not Graham enthusiasts make of such a campaign is that for the first time official Protestantism (the local Council of Churches) sponsors this campaign of evangelism. In my youth and in the days of my early ministry we were quite accustomed to evangelistic meetings in certain churches. But we did not participate in them, because the Protestant churches on the whole, while believing in evangelism, did not share the fundamentalist theology and, above all, they took exception to the "sectarian" perfectionism of the evangelist. They believed in the emphasis of the Reformation, that even a new life in Christ would not render the redeemed man sinless or solve all the complicated moral issues he must face.

It is precisely on this simple perfectionism that the Billy Graham Crusade must be challenged. Graham honestly believes that conversion to Christianity will solve the problem of the hydrogen bomb because really redeemed men will not throw the bomb. It is not disturbing that sincere Christians such as Billy Graham should have rather too simple solutions for complex problems. Graham may help many people who face simple rather than complex problems. What is disturbing is that organized Protestantism should give this simple approach to the Christian faith in the tragedies of a nuclear age its official endorsement and should believe that a great metropolis with all its intricate problems of communal justice will be "challenged" by Billy's message; and that the Church, which has abdicated its own convictions for the sake of the campaign, will somehow grow in stature because of the "witness" of the crowds in Madison Square Garden.

# Training New Recruits



by Marion Kelleran

The relatively uncluttered weeks of summer offer a golden opportunity for preparing teachers for their autumn assignments. In the last issue, I suggested some possible approaches to a training program for teachers who have had experience. Today, I'd like to deal with the special problems and opportunities for training new recruits for the church school staff.

To the question, "But can't this be done at the same time?", I can honestly answer yes. It often is, even in quite large schools where the number of teachers might suggest division. But it can be done better, I believe, on small school staffs, when the new and the old teachers are given separate training, at least for two or three sessions at the beginning. Perhaps one could set up four or six sessions for everybody, preceding them with three sessions for the new recruits. For the fact is that new church school teachers require orientation as well as training. They need to be oriented to the idea of Christian Education that prevails in your school, not just to a philosophy stated formally in the teachers' manuals. They need to be oriented to the role of a teacher in your church school. They need to be oriented to the goals and values and interpretation of the Christian faith that underlie your church school. This is something that needs to be done apart from the regular training involved in teaching a particular course of study.

Even a new teacher brings something more than a blank sheet of paper or a blank mind to a new experience. We sometimes talk as though both teachers and pupils were new notebooks, all fresh and pristine, in which our wisdom is to be written in clear and understandable language. But this is far from the truth. Every new recruit to church school teaching brings with him some loyalty you have been able to touch, or he wouldn't be here at all. Every new teacher has some idea of his own meaning of the word teacher, and of what the act of teaching involves. Every one of these new teachers has areas of understanding and areas of misinformation, possibly misgiving, about religion. Words like God and Bible and prayer and child and discipline and content all have meanings for him. They also have feeling-tones, which sometimes tell more about his interpretation of them than do the meanings. Unless there be some opening-up of the meaning of these words, there is not likely to be much common approach to the problem of teaching. This kind of opening-up of people, so that they can think about their own meanings for words, and can hear the meanings suggested by your church school's interpretations, is what I mean by orientation. There are three main areas in which teachers need this help. They are: (1) What does it mean to be a teacher? (2) What kind of religion am I supposed to be teaching,

continued on page 34

## SHRINE MONT

\*

offers beauty, recreation and spiritual solace



The Recreation Hall . . . 2700 square feet of 'fun' space.

HIGH in the Alleghenies, 100 miles west of Washington, the Cathedral Shrine of the Transfiguration has clustered about it modern lodges, cottages, central halls and refectory for accommodation of vacation guests, both clerical and lay. Shrine Mont, operated on the American plan, is open from May 25th through September 21st with rates from \$37 to \$42.50 per week.

For prospectus write:

Wilmer E. Moomaw, Director

+

Shrine Mont, Box E, Orkney Springs, Va.

## Birthday Greetings

A gift subscription to The Upper Room brings "best wishes" every day of the year.

We mail Greeting Cards announcing the gift and bearing your name, to arrive on the happy occasion. No extra charge.

Yearly subscriptions, \$1.00; three years, \$2.00. Write for our Birthday Greetings folder.

The world's most widely used devotional guide
1908 Grand Avenue

Hashville, Tenn.

WANT THE SECRETS OF GOOD SOUTHERN COOKING?

## TRINITY COOK BOOK

(revised)

\$3 postpaid anywhere in U.S.

Sturdy spiral binding . . . book lays flat when open for easy reference. 188 pages feature 448 delicious Southern recipes. Order today.

## TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH



Houston at Grove



## VIRGINIA'S MOTHER CHURCH

-and the Political Conditions under which It Grew

by the Rev. G. MacLaren Brydon, D. D.

Historiographer of the Diocese of Virginia

Accepted reference material. The story of the Established Church of Virginia from Jamestown to Yorktown . . . and the beginnings of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Virginia.

In two volumes . . . Volume 1, published by the Virginia Historical Society, \$7.50. Volume II, published by the Church Historical Society, \$10.00.

Both \$1750

## EPISCOPAL BOOK STORE

110 W. Franklin Street Richmond, Virginia

## Books in Review

By William S. Lea



HISTORY OF THE LITTLE CHURCH ON THE CIRCLE—CHRIST CHURCH PAR-ISH, INDIANAPOLIS, by Eli Lilly. Published by the rector, wardens, and vestrymen of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church of Indianapolis. 376 pp.

This is a book about a great parish written by a great layman. For over 120 years this parish has made its witness in the heart of the City of Indianapolis, which itself is near the population center of the United States, and in some ways is the typical large American city. But this is no typical parish, because through these years it has been gifted with amazingly effective leadership, and this has made it one of the strongest parishes in the Episcopal Church. The author writes with great affection of his own parish, and he writes from within the circle of dedicated concern which is the heart and core of the

In the preface he indicates that the great lesson which he has learned in this study is the paramount importance of leadership. He shows that the variables of war and peace, prosperity and depression, and other worldly affairs do not appreciably affect the spiritual growth and material advancement of the parish. It is the human element centering around the leader which has made the difference all along, and he has one significant sentence in which he says that our vestrymen must realize always that their primary duty is to provide rectors possessing this priceless quality. As one reads the book, however, he realizes that not only have there been great clergy, but there also have been great laymen in this parish. As a matter of fact, a great deal more space is devoted to the laymen than to the clergy.

We are indebted to Dr. Lilly because he has given us a picture from the inside of a great parish at work in one of the most dynamic periods of our history.

This book will be of interest to any who are concerned about the history of the country, the growth of great cities, the rise of the American nation itself, and, of course, the expansion and development of the Church. It will also be of interest to any who want better to understand the nature of a Christian parish. We commend it to all Episcopalians and to any who have these concerns.

GHANA—THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF KWAME NKRUMAH, Nelson. 302 pp. \$5.00.

Ghana is the newest nation on earth. It was born on March 6, 1957. This is a story of its great leader and almost, we might say, its creator, Kwame Nkrumah.

The book is his story. It tells of his imprisonment for political agitation, of his release, and of his efforts to form a government, and later of his service as Prime Minister of the Gold Coast. Born in 1909, Nkrumah was the son of a blacksmith in the Western Province of the Gold Coast. His mother was a member of a Nzama family which traces its origin back to Chief Aduku Addaie. Nkrumah was educated in the village school in Half Assini and later attended the Prince of Wales College at Achimota. After that he came to Lincoln University in Pennsylvania. Graduating: in 1939, he began his work, and 13 years later he was awarded the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1945 he went to England to study at the London School of Economics, but his great interest was West African politics. He returned to the Gold Coast in 1947 as General Secretary of the United Gold Coast Convention. Nkrumah could fit into no conservative pattern and he soon broke away to form a revolutionary party of which he is still the leader. It was as the leader of this party that he was imprisoned for political agitation in 1950; but on his 47th birthday, Sep-

## Schools

**EAST** 

## HE CHURCH FARM SCHOOL Glen Loch, Pa.

School for boys whose mothers are reconsible for support and education.

> Grades: Five to Twelve College Preparatory

Wholesome surroundings on a 1,500 acre arm in Chester Valley, Chester County, where boys learn to study, work and play.

Rev. Charles W. Shreiner, D.D. Headmaster

Post Office: Box 662, Paoli, Pa.

- DeVEAUX SCHOOL -New York Niagara Falls

Founded 1853 Founded 1853

A Church School for boys in the Diocese of Western New York. College preparatory. Small classes. New Gymnasium and Swimming Pool is under construction this year. Scholarships available. Grade 7-12. For information address Box "B".

Morison Brigham, M.A., Headmaster The Rt. Rev. Lauriston L. Scaife, D.D. Pres. Board of Trustees

## HANNAH MORE ACADEMY

The Diocesan Girls' School of Maryland

irredes 7-12. Boarding and Day. Accredited. Colege preparatory. Two plans of study. Emphasis a study techniques. Individual guidance. Small alsases. Music, art, dramatics. Riding, sports. Culural advantages of Baltimore and Washington. Stablished 1832. Write for catalog.

Now Observing its 125th Anniversary
Catherine Offley Coleman, M.A., Hdm., Reisterstown 1, Md.

## Marjorie Webster JUNIOR COLLEGE

• Balanced academic and career program. Beau iful 15-acre campus. Cultural opportunities of the Nation's Capital. Accredited two-year terminal and ransfer courses. A.A. degree. Liberal Arts; Physical Education; Kindergarten; Secretarial; Medical Secrearial; Speech; Dramatics, Radio and Tv; Music; Fin. and Commercial Art; Merchandising. Varied social program. All sports. Indoor pool, gym. Catalog.

30x E, Rock Creek Park Estates, Washington 12, D. C.

51. PETER'S SCHOOL Boys, grades 8-12. College preparatory, reneral courses. Recent graduates in 39 colleges and miversities. Small classes. Remedial reading. Scholar-nips, self-help plan. Music, dramatics. Sports program. New gym. 80-acre campus. Summer School. Catalog.

Frank E. Leeming, Hdm., Peekskill, N. Y.

#### ST. JOHN BAPTIST School for Girls Under Sisters of St. John Baptist

An Episcopal country boarding and day school for girls, grades 7-12 inclusive. Established 1880. Accredited College Preparatory and General Courses. Music and Art. Ample grounds, outdoor life.

For complete information and catalog address:

Box 56, Mendham, New Jersey THE SISTER SUPERIOR

When writing to Advertisers please mention EPISCOPAL CHURCHNEWS

tember 17, 1956, he declared, amidst the unrestrained jubilation of his people, the date for his country's independence. This is an exciting struggle told by the central figure in the drama.

Although the author does not say so, the creation of Ghana is also a tribute to the British Commonwealth of Nations. It represents, in its fruition, the real fruits of British colonial policy. There were many mistakes and there were many tragic events, but in the long run the result is good. Ghana takes its place as a sovereign state within the British family of nations.

DYNAMICS OF WORLD HISTORY by Christopher Dawson. Sheed & Ward. 489 pp. \$6.00.

We remember long ago as a seminary student the profound impression that Dawson's books, The Making of Europe, Progress and Religion, and Inquiries made upon a growing mind. In his grasp of the inner meaning of historical events, Dawson ranks with the greatest of historians, Spengler, Northrup and Toynbee.

The volume is an effort to bring together in one place the essence of Dawson's thoughts upon the meaning of history. Selected from his writings over the last 35 years, it illuminates the contribution he has made in broadening our understanding of world history and in showing the subtle influences which cultures and civilizations have had upon each other as one era drifted into the next, or as some great principle seemed to be working itself out in the course of

Dawson is aware of the vital sociological forces which lie beneath the surface of historical change. He examines these in such areas as the historical development of the patriarchal family, the decline of the archiac culture, the stages of mankind's religious experience, and the relation between religion and the life of civilization.

He also delves into the mysterious realm of interpretation where men try to see beyond the appearance of things to the meaning of events. He gives an analysis of the historical thought of such outstanding writers as St. Augustine, Gibbon, Marx, Spengler, Toynbee and H. G. Wells. One of the most significant chapters deals with the historical significance of the present conflict between the East and the West, and of the tragic misunderstanding that could be turned into creative communication between these two parts of the world family of nations.

## Schools

SOUTH



Accredited Church School on 1300 acre estate. Grades 7-12. Small classes, guidance program, remedial reading. Gymnasium, sports, outdoor swimming pool. For catalog and "Happy Valley" folder write:

George F. Wiese, Box E

Legerwood Station, Lenoir, N. C.

College Preparatory—Character Building

### BLUE RIDGE SCHOOL

49TH YEAR

Grades 1 thru 12 A moderately priced Episcopal Church Branding School, in the beautiful Blue Ridge Mountains 23 miles north of Charlottesville and 115 miles southwest of Washington, Gymasium, Sports. Board and Tultion 3765.

REV. D. C. LOVING, Headmaster Box E, St. George, Virginia

#### ST. AGNES SCHOOL

Episcopal school for girls. College prep. Boarding grades 5-12; day, kindergarten to college. 16 acre campus. Playing fields. Near Washington theatres, galleries. Student gov't emphasizes responsibility.

ROBERTA V. McBRIDE, Headmistress Alexandria, Virginia

#### ST. AUGUSTINE'S COLLEGE

Raleigh, N. C. 1867

Accredited Four-Year Courses in Fine Arts Natural Sciences, Social Sciences, Business, Health and Physical Education, Teacher Train-ing. Pre-Theological, Pre-Medical, Pre-Social Work, and Pre-Legal.

JAMES A. BOYER, Acting President

## ST. MARY'S JUNIOR COLLEGE RALEIGH, N. C.

A Junior College preceded by two years prepare tory work.

Members of the Southern Association for over

twenty years.

All courses in Art, Expression and Music Included in one general fee.

Richard G. Stone, President

## THE SEWANEE MILITARY ACADEMY

A division of the University of the South

An Episcopal School ROTC Honor School Benwood Scholarships

A College Prep School On a College Campus On a Mountain Top

Fully accredited. Grades 8-12. Small classes. All sports; gymnasium, indoor pool. 90th year, For catalog write: Col. Craig Alderman, Supt., Box E. The Sewanee Military Academy, Sewanee, Tennessee.

SOUTH CENTRAL

## All Saints' Episcopal

For girls. Accredited 2 yr. college, 4 yr. high school. High academic standards. Situated in historic Vicksburg National Park. Near Natchez. Separate music and art departments. All sports, riding. For viewbook and bulletin, address:

THE REV. W. G. CHRISTIAN, Rector Box E Vicksburg, Miss.



## ORGANS SERVICE REBUILDING

Estimates without obligation

HOLMBERG ORGAN COMPANY
ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

Subscribe to

## **EPISCOPAL CHURCHNEWS**

\$4.50 yearly (26 issues—every other week)

## Schools

NORTH CENTRAL

## St. John's

MILITARY

Salina, Kansas Since 1887 St. John's has been perpetuating the cultural tradition of the Church by stressing sound scholarship in Christian atmosphere. Grades 5 through 12. Fully

COL. R. L. CLEM, Rector

## NORTHWESTERN MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMY

Distinguished college preparatory school. Est. 1888. Episcopal Church auspices. Religious instruction part of academic curriculum. Small classes (average: 10 students) encourage the best in every boy. Guidance from understanding faculty. Modern facilities, fireproof buildings. 85 acres on Lake Geneva. 75 miles from Chicago, 55 miles from Milwaukee. Senior ROTC basic. All sports; sailing. Summer camp. Write for catalogs. 156 South Lake Shore Road. Lake Geneva. Wisconsin



## The CHURCH HOME AND HOSPITAL

SCHOOL OF NURSING Baltimore 31, Maryland

A three year accredited course of nursing. Class enters August and September. Scholarships available to well qualified high school graduates.

Apply: Director of Nursing

## CHRIST HOSPITAL

176 Palisade Ave., Jersey City, N. J.

A three-year course leading to a diploma in professional nursing.

For further information contact

DIRECTOR OF NURSES

## Searching the



Scriptures

Series on Bible Doctrine No. 22

## The Church

## A Continuing Bible Study by Robert C. Dentan

Genesis 13:14-18; Deuteronomy 7:6-11; Hosea 2:14-23; I Peter 2:1-10; Ephesians 2:19-22; Matthew 16:13-19

There is no place in biblical religion for selfish individualism. Redemption comes to men through their membership in a redeemed and redeeming society, not through some special arrangement made directly between themselves and God. To say this is not to depreciate in any way the importance of individual faith and personal righteousness, but only to assert that in the Bible faith always leads men out of selfish isolation into the divine community and that righteousness always implies right relationships within a community framework.

As we have already seen from our study of the Bible story, God chose from the very beginning to redeem men by means of a family, a society, a nation—or, to use the language of later times, a Church. Looking back on the account of God's dealings with Abraham, we find God promising that he shall be the father of a vast family (Gen. 13:14-18) and elsewhere declaring that by means of it "shall all the nations of the earth be blessed (Gen. 22:18)."

Although the meaning of this statement is not quite as clear in Hebrew as in English, it is certain that the greatest men of Israel, such as Second Isaiah, understood it to mean that it was God's purpose to save mankind through the family of Abraham. Here we see one of the fundamental patterns of the Bible: God working in history to save men through the instrumentality of a special, chosen group.

At the next stage in the history of salvation, the group is conceived of more in terms of a nation than a family. Under the leadership of Moses, the loose association which previously existed among the tribes claiming descent from Abraham became an organized community living under common laws and held together by a common faith and common worship. This is the stage in the Church's history represented by such passages as Deut. 7:6-11: "Thou art an holy people unto the Lord thy God." The word "holy" here

does not necessarily mean "morally good"; it means, rather, "consecrated to God's service." The next two verses (7f) emphasize that God's choice of Israel was not based upon any special merit on her part, but solely upon the inexplicable love and mercy of God. The concluding verses, (9-11) warn that the continuance of God's favor is dependent upon her willingness to walk in His ways.

The next chapter in the story is that of Israel's final failure, in spite of her tremendous spiritual achievements, to finish the task for which God had chosen her. This is followed by God's promise to create in the future a transformed community to bring his work to perfection.

Seeing her with somewhat kindlier eyes than those of the prophets, we shall probably feel that the passing of the old national Israel was a necessary stage on the way to the universal Israel of God, but the prophets could see her history only in terms of failure and judgment. Most of them, however, could also look beyond the evil present and see God's purpose ultimately being achieved by a renewed and purified people. This, for example, is the point of view in Hos. 2:14-23. God loves His people as a husband loves his wife, and some day the affectionate relations of early days will be restored between them (vss. 14-20). To those who are no longer worthy to be called His people, He will say again "Thou art my people," and to those from whom His justice was compelled to withhold mercy, He will show mercy again.

I Peter 2:1-10 sees this promise at last fulfilled in the Christian Church (v. 10). Part of this passage (9) is also an echo of Exod. 19:5f, which we have read in another connection, and shows that the pattern of redemption through a redeemed and redeeming community is the same in the New Testament as in the Old. Although God's Church is no longer limited to those who are physically descended from Abraham, the spiritual descendants of Abraham—those who have faith in Christ (Gal. 3:7)—still constitute "an elect race, a royal priesthood, a holy na-

continued on page 34

## The Church and Education

## by Betsy Jupman Deckens

THERE ARE, roughly speaking, 365 schools in the country run by the Episcopal Church, including seminaries, colleges and universities and those run by the parishes. New ones are being organized all the time. This, of course, does not even touch on the hundreds of others sponsored by the Protestant denominations or the Roman Catholic Church. The figure does give, however, an idea of the scope of the Church's influence in the field of education.

The Community of the Holy Spirit is engaged in a continuing study of the nation's religious schools. Their conclusions, of course, apply only to the schools surveyed so far, but they should stir the thinking of all clergy, parents, teachers and any other persons concerned with education.

For example, they found that the children in Church schools knew no more about religious truths than they would presume children in non-Church schools to know. "Their knowledge," reports the Rev. Mother Ruth, "was sketchy, inaccurate and carelessly put together." The Sisters found also that these children functioned no better, either when it came to making ethical decisions or relating themselves to their neighbors. In addition, they found that convictions about the necessity for religious knowledge, religious experience and the growth of a Christian ethic was not evident either on the part of the parent or the teachers.

This is, naturally, a condensed conclusion. Two of the Sisters have made a far more comprehensive study of the matter on the doctoral level.

"They think the reason for the evident failure of the schools they studied is the fact that most of the teachers had not the training in religion that would produce the right learning and experience on the part of the children," explains Mother Ruth.

She went on to say that the parents interviewed were themselves not "markedly interested in religion or, if they were, they were not too clear or well-informed or regular in their prayer life, reading of the Bible, or attendance at church."

From these findings, Mother Ruth reported, the Sisters conclude, "... if we mean to do a serious piece of work for our children in religious schools in holy religion, we ought to see to it that teachers who come to church schools are prepared to teach adequately in this area, as well as in their special subject."

They recommend that either Windham House or St. Margaret's in Berkeley, Calif. (both Episcopal graduate training centers for women), set up such courses, or that the Church provide more church colleges that include faculties of religion.

"Of course," Mother Ruth pointed out, "increasingly, the ordinary college is found to have a faculty of religion, and there is the option of a choice of religious learning at college. This may, therefore, in a relatively short time, correct the present problem of no religious training in high school or college for most of the young men and women who teach children later and who, in church schools, are often called upon to teach religious subjects."

The Sisters conclude also that there is a lack of sufficient direction in religious courses for children. They believe that National Council, for example, should offer more kinds of help, such as materials and methods.

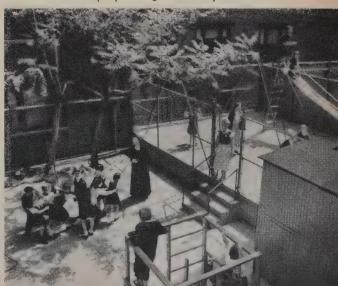
Recently, Mother Ruth returned from a lecture tour in England, where she delivered addresses at Oxford and Leeds universities and the University of London.

She described her visit as interesting and helpful, particularly in the matter of teacher training in all schools, not just those of the Church. At government expense, she declared, any young English woman or man may take a year off for a course in religious knowledge at any of the training colleges. The teacher may then teach this religious subject in one of the ordinary government-run schools.

With a state church such as there is in England, this is possible. In the United States it is not. For that reason, she believes it all the more important that the Church itself provide such training for the teachers of church schools.

"So often here," Mother Ruth concluded, "the church schools have a special chaplain or clergyman on the staff who does the religious teaching. This, to me, is a pity, for it separates religion from the ordinary person. I would so like to see all the teachers in our church schools give religious teaching, because they are all identified with the purposes of the school—and religion runs through the whole of the purpose."

Time out for play during school days at St. Hilda's.



## Our Churches In Europe

continued from page 19

of the beautiful consulate, the former Carnivaro. The pride of St. James' is its volunteer choir of 25 voices, trained by Mrs. Gordon Morrill, an accomplished musician. They have just made several records of Church music, which have been enthusiastically received. On Easter, a bell for the tower was dedicated in memory of the late Ambassador Arthur Bliss Lane, some members of whose family live in Florence, Lately, the church has inherited a fine house, the legacy of the late beloved Katharine B. Child, long-time resident of Florence. The church is continuing the select school for girls which Miss Child conducted in the house, and welcomes inquiries from prospective students.

One of the most exciting developments in the European Convocation is the growth of the Church's work in Germany. A fully organized parish was admitted into communion with the Convocation in 1955, St. Christopher's, Freiherr vom Stein and Bockenheimer Landstrasse, Frankfurt-am-Main. This parish is housed in the new building of St. Willibrord's Old Catholic Church, to which the Woman's Auxiliary of the National Church contributed \$35,-000. Through an agreement between the late Bishop Stephen E. Keeler and the Old Catholic bishop, St. Christopher's has the right to share the church in perpetuity. The present priest-in-charge is Chaplain (Capt.) John C. Ruback. The Woman's Auxiliary is giving a series of benefits to equip the new church, and there is every reason to expect that the church will grow in importance and influ-

Episcopal councils of lay readers and other devoted lay people exist in Heidelberg and other German centers. Services of Holy Communion are celebrated whenever priests or chaplains are available, and between times, lay readers officiate, and a program of Sunday Schools, Confirmation instructions, and Woman's Auxiliaries is actively carried on.

In Munich, a civilian rector, the Rev. R. G. Windsor Spellman, has revived the Church of the Ascension, which existed for many years in this place of study and tourism, but was destroyed in the last war, together with its fine library. A church center has been established at 30 Kaulbach Strasse, where hospitality and a meeting-place are offered many American students, service personnel, and others.

At one time, a beautiful church existed in Dresden, St. John's. This was totally destroyed in the last war, and since Dresden is now in the East Zone, any plans for its revival must be held in abeyance.

Of course, the Church's work in Germany depends heavily at the present time

upon Episcopal chaplains and service personnel. It is hoped, however, that centers will be established which will have permanent roots.

The English Church on the Continent has many chaplaincies and churches where we do not. Americans are always invited to share in the services. Information may be obtained from hotel porters. (See Dewi Morgan's column, page 15.)

Our churches are "lighthouses of American faith and freedom abroad" and centers of Christ's "ministry of reconciliation" and international goodwill, as well as "show windows" of our Church for all traveling fellow citizens, whatever their affiliation. Many come to Confirmation through them. You will find your Church beckoning to you with a warm welcome wherever you travel in Europe.

## American Churchmen In Paris

continued from page 21

on a display board at the entrance to the hall. The display board and crosses may be ordered from St. Mark's Cathedral, Salt Lake City, Utah. They have proved very helpful at the Cathedral in identifying visitors and enabling parishioners to greet them. The Cathedral likes to think that it is "a lighthouse of American faith and freedom abroad."

Dean Riddle has reminded us that in these days when world ties should be closer than ever and the need to interpret to the peoples of Europe the best in American life is so vital, it is good to know that our churches on the continent, headed by the Paris Cathedral, are in no sense "chapels of ease."

Here are the dean's own words:

"They are hard-working parishes with a most valuable role to play in bettering understanding and relationships. Letters literally from all over the world, from former parishioners to whom the cathedral ministered during their Paris days, testify to the affection and appreciation in which the Cathedral is held. A warm welcome awaits all Americans and fellow churchmen coming to Europe."

## The American Church In Geneva

continued from page 23

The church and the Community House, with their varied programs, are strange and wonderful things to many European Protestants. Much of what is done is novel to them, and provokes interest, and in some cases a healthy envy which may produce good results in their own churches. The total parish program demonstrates that by participation in a variety of church activities there are experiences of Christian community which can be had to supplement the core experience of

common worship. Widening circles of Christian concern, spreading out from the altar, but delving into every area of life, demonstrate a dynamic faith to which the American Church is able to bear witness in a unique way. Many Europeans comment on the warmth and friendliness of their reception, and on the unique quality of the parish family atmosphere which they have never known before.

### Pastoral Care and Counseling

Not the least among the services of the American Church are pastoral care and



Both Protestants and Greek Orthodosshare the American Church's facilities Bishop James (left), Metropolitan of Philadelphia, is ready to take over from the Rev. G. B. O'Grady.

counseling, available to all regardless of religious or national affiliation. In the resident community one faces all of the normal problems of pastoral care as home, but many of them are accentuated by the fact that the residents are in a very real sense "displaced persons." Subsurface problems, which an individuas might be able to handle under norma circumstances at home, frequently come to the surface, intensified by the increased tensions of feeling uprooted, of living in a foreign environment, and perhaps be cause of the difficulty, if not breakdown of communication due to a foreign language not yet mastered.

The wives, for instance, perhaps with no French, or with a little school French usually rusty, and almost always with the vocabulary of a 19th century French novel, suffer a disadvantage in shopping and not just once in a supermarket as at home, but in situation after situation in butcher shop, grocery, bakery, dairy, to bacco shop, and paper shop. Each one is separate, and each has a new vocabulary to be learned.

Similarly, the children, uprooted from friends and American schooling, cannot casually make friends with the child next

or because of language, and are freiently "on their own" for several months efore a circle of friends is found, or the eginnings of French enable them to beak with others in the neighborhood.

Add to this the fact that many of the usbands who are in business spend a reat deal of time traveling all over Euppe and the Middle East, and one sees rtile ground for individual and family roblems. A further element is the tenon of trying to be diplomatic at all mes, and in many cases "apparently rutral," because of the nature of one's ork, or because of the position of being guest in someone else's country, and in the midst of nationals of all countries.

With this situation for day-to-day life, te crises, when they come, are even more ifficult. A simple children's disease or a roken toe, let alone a case of major surery or a severe psychiatric disturbance-Il of these take on much greater proporons than at home, when one must begin ith the question, "What doctor do I all? Does he speak English?" And then ill face the fact that "foreignness" will terfere with the kind of relationship one reams about with the familiar "family octor." The American soldier, dropped 1 Geneva on the way from Bombay to 1e States, suddenly hospitalized for an ppendectomy, and with no French at his fisposal, has discovered a lonely way to e sick. An 80-year-old tourist, stricken ith a heart attack; another woman, after en months' separation, meeting her husand here as a halfway point between ome and the Near East, badly smashed y a motorcycle and spending almost neir whole available time in the hospital such situations as these, plus the normal ound of births, tonsillectomies and apendectomies, create a challenge to any astor or parish.

Geneva is not only the center for the World Student Christian Federation, which coordinates the programs of the ational Student Christian Movements broughout the world, but also boasts a curprising number of schools at all levels,

as well as the University of Geneva. The International School enrolls not only the children of residents of Geneva, but in the boarding division receives students from all parts of Europe and the Middle East. Of the more than 800 students there, 237 are Americans, and in the last two years they have begun to participate in the parish choir, student study group, and square dances, and to attend services in encouraging numbers. Many Americans are enrolled in the university, outstanding among whom are members of the Smith College Junior-Year-in-Geneva Group, consisting of 47 American College women, including several from colleges other than Smith. Others come for language studies in the Interpreters' School. Over 200 Americans are enrolled in the Medical School alone, and of these the Church has established contact with about 90% of the Protestants. Further students, many with families, are enrolled in the School of Higher International Studies, and in the Center for Industrial Studies. The rector, after 12 years in college work at Cornell and Trinity College, has a natural interest in this group. "The church, the rectory, and a friendly congregation as 'a touch of home away from home' becomes triply important over here," says the Rev. Mr. O'Grady. "These students are really away from home, and it is terribly important that we be here with a healthy parish to welcome them."

## The American Library

About five decades ago the American Church started the American Library in Geneva, as a rather small and humble operation for the very small number of Americans living there then. With the fantastic growth of the American community since World War II, the library has grown to a collection of 3500 volumes, serving over 600 readers, including approximately 140 non-Americans. It is Geneva's principal non-technical Englishlanguage library, and serves the whole English-reading community, including all nationalities and faiths. Although it em-

phasizes recreational reading for all ages, the children's library, for example, is now expanded to include valuable materials in American history and folklore, and this, with increased holdings in American history and biography for adults, helps keep children and adults, Americans and others, informed about our cultural heritage. The library is in a warm and delightful reading room in the Community House, available for an occasional hour's browsing and as a friendly meeting place.

In cold worldly terms the total operation of the American Church, the American Community House, and the American Library involves a budget of just over \$25,000, with the Community House and library accounting for just over \$10,000. All of this is being supported by a parish of only 187 families, most of them pegged at very average governmental and international organization salaries, and all of them involved in a very high cost of living in Geneva. Help is needed from home, if this work is to continue.

"Financial anxiety aside, I can't imagine a more fascinating ministry anywhere," says the rector. "With the expert secretarial and administrative help of Audrey Ward, whose '281' experience is invaluable, and of Mrs. Champ-Renaud, professional librarian from Canada, we're learning again that a healthy Christian church is built on the laymen-that it's their parish program, that it must meet their real needs, and that its success is their responsibility. In Geneva, admittedly a most vital and exciting setting, we are blessed with an extraordinary mixture of very able people, of many backgrounds and talents. Because of them, the parish has flowered phenomenally, and always with an increasing sense of community. Where loneliness, in both its theological and social senses, tends to be more acute than at home, this is an astonishing example of the 'redemptive community,' building the solitary into what is in a very real sense a parish family, and therefore into an increasingly warm relationship with Him whose family it is."

ocial life plays a large role at the American Church. A cottish dance group meets Thursdays in the Community



House. Service Projects Day, on Tuesdays, brings together English-speaking women of many nationalities.







## **AUTHORS WANTED**

New York, N. Y.—One of the nation's largest book publishers is seeking manuscripts of all types-fiction, non-fiction, poetry. Special attention to new writers. If your work is ready for publication, send for booklet EP—I's free. Vantage Press, 120 W. 31st St., New



FLOWERS SCHOOL EQUIPMENT CO., Inc.



#### HAND EMBROIDERED ALTAR LINENS

Imported

Made up to your specifications
Write for Illustrated Brochure
New Crease Resisting Alb and
Surplice Linen, and other beautiful Linens by the yard, Free Samples

MARY MOORE Box 394 EC, Davenport, Iowa





#### VESTMENTS

CLERGY AND CHOIR ORNAMENTS MATERIALS

Catalogue on Request

THE C. E. WARD CO.

Shrine of Our Lady of Clemency Continuous Novena

Write for Booklet S. Clement's Church 20th and Cherry Streets, Phila. 3. Pa

## Scriptures

continued from page 30

tion," whose purpose is to declare to the world "the praises of him who hath called you out of darkness into his own marvelous light."

The same writer, in vss. 4f, uses another image for the Church-that of the temple. The individual Christian is only a single stone in a great spiritual structure erected for the worship of God.

This thought is developed further in Eph. 2:19-22. Verse 19 emphasizes the continuity between the old national Israel and the new Israel built upon faith. There are not two churches, but one. What happened through the work of Christ was that the community of the Old Israel was expanded to include the Gentiles (to whom the letter is addressed) so that they

are now "fellow-citizens . . . of the household of God." Jews and Gentiles, in so fan as they both have faith in Christ, are parts of a great temple which provides a fit habitation for God the Holy Spirit. The foundation stones of the temple are the prophets of the Old Israel and the Apos-s tles of the New, and Jesus Christ Himsel® is the cornerstone.

The mention of a cornerstone inevitably calls to mind the familiar passage about the founding of the Church in Mat: 16:13-19. While the interpretation of this passage is still a subject of much debate. it is at least clear to everyone that the rock upon which the Church-the new Israel-is to be built cannot be mereld Peter the man, but Peter as the first to declare boldly his faith in Christ (16) The true foundation of the Church is not so much Peter as the faith which he expressed.

## London Notebook

continued from page 15

of London. The present Bishop of Fulham is Dr. Roderic Coote who, like his predecessors, makes it a rule to spend both Christmas and Easter behind the Iron Curtain ministering to groups of Anglicans in the embassies at such places as Moscow and Warsaw.

But today the Church in Europe faces many problems. Most of these have arisen from the entirely changed pattern of British residence and holiday-making on the continent. Nowadays, few British people are able to retire and live in Europe because currency restrictions make it impossible for them to take their money with them. And British trading organizations have found they can run their businesses from London by means of air travel. The result is that towns which once had British colonies of many thousands today have barely as many hundreds-and they are not enough to sustain the services of a full-time chaplain. Furthermore, whereas many British once had long annual holidays in places like St. Moritz or Baden Baden, nowadays they are more likely to go on a prolonged tour by coach, stopping nowhere long enough to establish any roots. The sometime three-month stay in Lugano has become a three-hour coach stop.

### The result is obvious. There are many continental churches which no longer have a congregation big enough to maintair them properly. Yet there is just enough; need of them to prevent their being closed This is the sort of situation which creates

many headaches for those who have to

organize them.

What we are left with is one of thoseparadoxes which history seems to rejoice in. The Church of England in Europe today has an even greater importance than it had in the past. The Church of England today finds it harder to maintain itself in Europe than it has ever done before.

What this means for the future it is hard to say. Quite certainly God has Hi plan about it all and that plan will be worked out. In the meantime, if you are going to be lucky enough to have a trip to some blue Italian lake or to the top of some beetling Alp this summer, you man reasonably hope that there will be some where within reach a Church which i wholly part of the family which ECneu represents.

And, of course, if you are passin; through London enroute, do telephon: ABBey 7358 and call in to tell ECnews London correspondent what you think about life in general. I look forward to meeting you and hope that when you com-I won't be, in Alexander Pope's phrase "sauntering around Europe."

### Kelleran

continued from page 27

and whose religion? (3) How does this school go about making its aims come alive in practice? Where do I fit into this?

Suppose that one gathered together a group of neophytes one night. It would certainly be possible to begin by suggesting the assignments that have been made for them. One could surely pass out the teachers' and pup'ls' manuals for the course to be taught. One might well begin

by suggesting the autumn opening dates what in general is the plan for the year and how to fill out attendance records Any questions? There would be some, and in fact this group would begin to think in terms of autumn work as already begun. But is this really a good idea?

Suppose, instead, one gathered the ped ple and started by suggesting that they b introduced to each other. This may not be necessary in some places, although th. parishes where "everybody knows every

bdy else" are actually few and far beveen. The introduction might include the sperience they bring to teaching, the articular interests they have in a special ge group, the doubts and concerns they we about this new undertaking. At least ey know each other's names, and a little ickground. One might then set out a oblem for the evening. Let's talk toether about what we mean by teaching; , what's the first thing you think of hen you hear the word "teacher"? Anher starter might be a double column the board, with "old" and "new" as adings, and the problem that of deterining the difference between the older nd newer ideas of the role of a teacher. You'll learn a great deal about the adiness of your recruits for their jobs this discussion.) In most places it will ke a full evening to battle over some of e really great issues that are at stake what we think of this ancient and honable and much misunderstood word eacher." At the end of the evening it ight be good to give out the teachers' anuals for the next term's courses, with e suggestion that they be read before e next session to see what interpretation teaching they express, and what they em to demand of the teacher.

The second session might be devoted the special area of the Christian faith. this most recruits feel very vulnerable, at they are frequently quite unwilling let the clergy know how little they now about the Bible, the Church, and the facts of the faith itself. The best point approach is the Bible, for in this all achers feel weak.

And then there's the session that tries help every teacher see these aims about aching, these interpretations of the aith, come down to earth in the practical unday-by-Sunday use of the manuals for achers and students. Nowadays we are appily able to use some particular series lessons in our schools, and in general e teachers' manuals for the various rades follow some pattern. It ought to be ossible to help the teachers to find their ay around these manuals by an evening what almost amounts to drill. Teaching volves getting into focus the child, the acher, and the material. Without spefic references to specific courses, the ader of such a session ought to be able help teachers locate a statement of the urpose of the church school, the particuir purpose of the course, something bout the content to be included, the ature and behavior of children of the ge being taught, the approaches which ne course will make. Try to relate the xploration to the specific issues about eaching and about the faith that have een raised in previous sessions. It will nen all seem possible, even for the begining teacher. And for many beginners, is will be news.

## Seminaries close for the summer, BUT -

the preparation of those who are called to the Sacred Ministry does not cease on that account.

A thousand, and more, young men go out during these summer months to gain practical experience in pursuits related to their future responsibilities. Clinical Training in hospitals, missionary work at home and overseas, service in camps and institutions the country over, are all regarded as part of their theological education.

To their "book learning" are thus added the test and practice of Christian truth in life.



## The Seminaries of the Episcopal Church

BERKELEY DIVINITY SCHOOL, New Haven, Conn. 
BEXLEY HALL, THE DIVINITY SCHOOL OF KENYON COLLEGE, Gambier, Ohio 
CHURCH DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PACIFIC, Berkeley, Calif. 
DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PACIFIC, Berkeley, Calif. 
DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN PHILADELPHIA 
EPISCOPAL THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL, Cambridge, Mass. 
EPISCOPAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF THE SOUTHWEST, Austin, Texas 
THE GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, New York City 
NASHOTAH HOUSE, Nashotah, Wis. 
SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY OF 
THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH, Sewanee, Tenn. 
SEABURY-WESTERN THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Evanston, III. 
VIRGINIA 
THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Alexandria, Va.

## VIRGINIA CHURCHES Welcome Visitors to the JAMESTOWN FESTIVAL

#### ALEXANDRIA, VA.

CHRIST CHURCH N. Washington, Cameron & Columbus Sts. Sun Serv 8, 9:30 & 11. Same building since 1773.

CHURCH OF ST. CLEMENT 1701 Quaker Lane Rev. Maurice H. Hopson, r Sun HC 8; MP & Ser 11

#### FALLS CHURCH, VA.

THE FALLS CHURCH Lee Highway, Rt. U.S. 211 7 miles south of Washington. Founded 1732, pres. bldg. erected 1769. Visitors invited Sun at 7:30, 8:30, 10 6:11:30.

\*\*Church Open Daily.\*\*

#### \_HAMPTON, VA.

HISTORIC ST. JOHN'S CHURCH
Present church erected 1727.
The parish was begun in 1610 and is the oldest in the United States.
Sun HC 8:45; MP & Ser 11.

#### NORFOLK, VA.

ST. PAUL'S

City Hall & Church St.

Erected 1739, site Chapel of Ease 1641

Rev. Moultrie Guerry, r

Sun 8 & 11; HD Noon.

Ch. Chyard, Museum open daily 9 to 5.

PETERSBURG, VA.

ST. PAUL'S

Rev. Sydney C. Swann, Jr., r
Sun Serv. 8 & 11; Ch S 10

An historic Church with a message for today.

## PORTSMOUTH, VA.

TRINITY (1762)

Rev. C. Charles Vache, r
Sun HC 7:30; 10:30 Par Eu 1st & 3rd, MP & Ser
2nd & 4th. HC Tues, Wed, 10:30; Thur 8; HD
10:30. C by appt.

#### RICHMOND, VA.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, Cowardin Ave. & Bainbridge Rev. Walter F. Hendricks, Jr., r Sun Masses 7:30, 11; Mat & Ch S 9:30. Daily Masses 7 ex Tu & Thu 10, Holy Unction 2nd Th 10:30. Sol Ev & Sta 1st Fri 8. C Sat 4-5.

Open daily until 6 P.M.

ST. PAUL'S—across from the Capitol Rev. Joseph T. Heistand, r Rev. David J. Greer, Assoc. Rev. Robert D. Keith, c Sun HC 8, MP 11 (HC 1st Sun)

#### VIRGINIA BEACH, VA.

GALILEE EPISCOPAL 40th & Pacific Rev. Edmund Berkeley, r. Sun 8 HC; 9:15 Fam. Serv., MP & Ser., Ch. S.; 11 MP & Ser (1st Sun HC).

Nursery Available 9:15 & 11.

#### \_WINCHESTER, VA.\_

CHRIST CHURCH Washington & Boscawen Rev. W. Holf Souder, r.
"The oldest Parish west of the Blue Ridge Mts."
Tomb of Lord Fairfax
Sun Serv HC 8; MP 11.

Churchmen from all over America will be making the Jamestown pilgrimage this year. Jamestown is the birthplace of the Episcopal Church in the New World. Chaplain of the Tower Church will be Dr. Churchill Gibson. The old church has been restored as a place of worship and is equipped with furniture of the period. The Jamestown Silver is at Bruton Parish Church, but replicas will be used in the Tower Church. There will be services twice daily at 10 a.m. and at 4 p.m. as they were in the early days of the colony. Communion will be celebrated every Sunday and there will be an outdoor service when weather permits.

Situated just a few miles below Richmond on the James River, Jamestown is easily accessible from any point on the Eastern Seaboard.

## BACKSTAGE

One day as I sat musing,
sad and lonely & without a friend
a voice came to me from out of the gloom
saying, "Cheer up, things could be worse."

So I cheered up & sure enough,
things got worse!

(... or about this next issue!

Carrie & Berner A



## Church Directory

KEY—Light face type denotes AM, black face PM; addr, address; a, assistant; B, Benediction; C, Confession; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; d, deacon; EP, Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist; Ev, Evensong; ex, except; HC, Holy Communion; HD, Holy Day; HH, Holy Hour; Instr, Instructions; Int, Intercessions; Lit, Litany; Mat, Matins; MP, Morning Prayer; Par, Parish; r, rector; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young People's Fellowship.

HAVANA, CUBA\_

DLY TRINITY CATHEDRAL 13y6 Vedado DLY TRINITY CATHEDRAL 1390 Vedado
. Rev. A. H. Blankingship, Bishop
ry Rev. E. Pinkney Wroth, Dean
m. Romualdo Gonzalez, Canon
in HC 8, 9 (Span) MP Ser 10:45 Ev 8. HC Wed
30 (Span) Thurs & HD 9, Int 12

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

T. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL 615 S. Figueroa sry Rev. David del. Scovil, Rev. F. K. Belton in 8, 9:30, 11, 5. HC Mon Wed Fri 7:30; Tu 8, 1; Thur 7:30, 10:30; Sat 8.

Noted for Boy Choir. Open daily until 5 P.M.

7. JOHN'S 514 W. Adams Blvd.—at Flower rv. Robert Q. Kennaugh, r ev. Lloyd M. Sommerville, Rev. Y. Sang Mark, a rn HC 7:30, 9, 10:30; Wkd HC M W F 8; Tu 7, 1:05; Th 7, 10; Sat 10. C Sat 5-6 & by appt.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

RACE CATHEDRAL 1112 Jones St. In HC 8, 9, 12:15 (ex 1st Sun); MP 11 (HC 1st In); EV 4. Daily: MP 7:45, HC 8, (7 Tu & Thur), 3:30 Wed & HD; EP 5:30.

\_DENVER, COLO.\_\_

r. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL enver, Colorado In 7:30, 8:15, 9:30 & 11. Recitals 4:30 2nd & th Sundays, Wkdys HC Wed 7:15; Thurs 10:30, D HC 10:30

COCONUT GROVE, FLA.

T. STEPHEN'S 2750 McFarlane Road ev. Don H. Copeland, r ev. Wm. J. Bruninga, a Rev. Walter G. Martin, c in HC 7, 8, 10 (1st 3rd 5th Sun) MP 10 2nd 4th Sun). HC daily. HC HD 11. C Sat 5-6.

\_ATLANTA, GEORGIA\_\_

HE CHURCH OF OUR SAVIOUR 068 N. Highland Ave., N.E. ev. Fr. Roy Pettway, r.
Aass Sun 7:30, 9:15, 11; Wed 7; Fri 10:30; Other
ays 7:30. Ev & B Sun 8. C Sat 5.

SAINT LOUIS, MO .\_\_

hurch of St. MICHAEL & St. GEORGE he Rev. J. Francis Sant, r he Rev. A. L. Mattes, Min. of Education he Rev. D. G. Stauffer, Asst. & College Chaplain un 8, 9:30, 11. High School 4:30, Canterbury flub 7:00

SEA GIRT, N. J.\_

T. URIEL THE ARCHANGEL ev. R. H. Miller, r. Rev. Allen S. Bolinger, c. un 8 HC, 9:30 Sung Eu, 11 MP; Daily HC 7:30 Fri 9:30

NEW YORK CITY\_

HE CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF T. JOHN THE DIVINE, 112th & Amsterdam un HC 7, 8, 9, 10; MP HC & Ser 11; Ev & Ser 4. Vkdys MP 7:45, HC 8, (& 10 Wed.); Ev 5

Rev. Louis W. Pitt, D.D., r RACE CHURCH roadway at Tenth St. un 9 HC, 11 MP, Thurs 11:45 HC

NEW YORK CITY\_

HEAVENLY REST
Sth Ave. at 90th Street
Sun HC 8 & 9:30, MP & Ser 11; Thurs HC and
Healing Service 12 N; HD HC 7:30 and 12 N;
Daily MP 8

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY 316 E. 88th St. Rev. James A. Paul, D.D., r Sun 8 HC, Ch 9:30; Morning Service & Ser 11. EP & address 5

RESURRECTION
115 East 74th
Rev. A. A. Chambers, r; Rev. M. L. Foster, c
Sun Masses: 8, 10; Daily 7:30 ex Men & Sat 10.
C Sat 5-6.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Park Ave. at 51st St. Rev. Terence J. Finlay, D.D., r
Sun HC 8, 9:30; Morning Serv. & Ser 11. Wkd HC
Tu 10:30; Wed & HD 8; Thur 12:10. Organ Rec
Wed & Fri 12:10. EP Tu & Thur 6.
Church open daily for Prayer.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH Madison Ave. at 71st St. Rev. A. L. Kinsolving, D.D., r; Rev. W. J. Chase; Rev. G. C. Stierwald; Rev. J. F. Woolverton Sun 8 HC, 11 MP Ser (HC 1st Sun); Wed 7:45 HC; Thurs & HD 12 HC.

ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D., r 46th St. between 6th and 7th Aves. Sun Masses 7, 9, (low) 11 (high), B 8. Wkd 7, 8, 9:30 (Wed & HD); 12:10 (Fri). C Th 4:30-5:30; Fri 12-1; Sat 2-3, 4-5, 7:30-8:30. Open daily until 6:30 P.M.

THE PARISH OF TRINITY CHURCH Rev. John Heuss, D.D., r

Broadway & Wall St. Rev. Bernard C. Newman, v Sun HC 8, 9, 11, EP 3:30; Daily MP 7:45, HC 8, 12 Midday Ser 12:30, EP 5:05; Sat HC 8, EP 1:30; HD HC 12; C Fri 4:30 & by appt

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH Broadway & Fulton St. Rev. Robert C. Hunsicker, v
Sun HC 8:30, MP HC Ser 10. Wkd HC 8 (Thur & HD 7:30 also); 12:05 ex Sat, Prayer & Study 1:05 ex Sat, EP 3; C Fri 3:30-5:30 & by appt. Organ Recital Wed 12:30.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION Broadway & 155th St. Rev. Robert R. Spears, Jr., v Sun HC 8, 9 & 11, EP 4; Weekdays HC Daily 7 & 10, MP 9, EP 5:30, Sat 5, Int 12 noon; C by appt

ST. LUKE'S CHAPEL 487 Hudson St. Rev. Paul C. Weed, Jr., v Sun HC 8, 9:15 & 11; Daily HC 7 & 8; C Sat 5-6, 8-9 & by appt

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHAPEL 292 Henry St. Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, v Rev. William G. Love, p-in-c Sun HC 8, 9, 10 (Spanish), 11 ESer 7:30 Daily: HC 7:30 ex Thurs. Sat HC 9:30; ESer 5

ST. CHRISTOPHER'S CHAPEL 48 Henry St. Rev. Kilmer Myers, v Rev. William A. Wendt, p-in-c Sun HC 8, 9, 10, 11 (Spanish); ESer 8 Daily: HC 8 ex Thurs 8, 10; ESer 5:30

\_NEW YORK CITY\_

ST. THOMAS

Rev. Frederick M. Morris, D.D., r
Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11 (1st Sun) MP 11; Ep Cho 4
Daily HC 8:15, Thurs 11, HD 12:30 Noonday ex
Sat 12:10 Noted for boy choir; great reredos & windows.

TRANSFIGURATION Rev. Randolph Ray, D.D.,r Little Church Around the Corner 1 E. 29th St. Sun HC 8 & 9 (Daily 8); Cho Eu & Ser 11, V 4

ROCHESTER, N. Y ..

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH East Ave. & Vick Park B Rev. George L. Cadigan, r Rev. Frederick P. Taft, Rev. Edward W. Mills, Assts Sunday: 8, 9:20 and 11

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.\_

SAINT ANDREW'S CHURCH on U. S. Highway No. 70 The Rev. E. Guthrie Brown, Rector Sun HC 8; Ch S 9:30; MP & Ser 11; HC 1st Sun & HD 11.

\_\_COLUMBUS, OHIO\_

Broad & Third Streets TRINITY Broad & Rev. Robert W. Fay, D.D., r Rev. A. Freeman Traverse, Assoc Rev. Richard C. Wyatt, a Sun 8,11, Evening, Weekday, Special Services as announced

\_PHILADELPHIA, PA.\_

CHRIST CHURCH 2nd St. ab. Market Rev. Ernest A. Harding, r
Sun HC 9 MP & Ser 11 (HC 1st Sun), Daily Service
12:30; HC Tues & Saints' Days

Where the First Meeting of the
House of Bishops was held.

PITTSBURGH, PA. ASCENSION
Rev. A. Dixon Rollit, D.D., r; Rev. Max E. Smith, a. Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11 1st 5, MP 11. Healing Sun 7:30, Tues 10. HC Mon, Fri 8; Tues, Sat 10; Wed, Thur 7:30.

Church open daily.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

CALVARY CHURCH 102 N. Second (Downtown) Donald Henning, D.D., L.H.D., r John H. Sivley, B.D., asst Sun 7:30, 9:30, 11. Daily HC 7:30

\_DALLAS, TEXAS\_

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION 3966 McKinney Ave. (off the Expressway)
The Rev. Edward E. Tate, Rector
Sun HC 7:30, Family Service 9:15, MP 11, EP
7:30; Wed & HD 10:30

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS\_

ST. PAUL'S MEMORIAL Grayson & Willow Sts. Rev. James Joseph, r Sun 7:30 Holy Eu, 9:00 Par. Comm., 11 MP, 1st Sun HC Wed & Hd 10 Holy Eu

PARIS, FRANCE\_

HOLY TRINITY PRO-CATHEDRAL
23 Ave. George V—just off Champs Elysees
Very Rev. Sturgis Lee Riddle, Dean
Sun 8:30, 10:45, 12 (Coffee Hour) Open daily.
Memorial Cloisters, State Flags, Cathedral Choir
. . Warm Welcome. "Most Beautiful English
Gothic on the Continent."

See Virginia Churches on opposite page.

